FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

COUNTY OF BANDERA, TEXAS

Bandera, Texas

For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

COUNTY OF BANDERA, TEXAS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

COUNTY OF BANDERA, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C.

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Judge and County Commissioners County of Bandera Bandera, TX 78003

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bandera County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bandera County, Texas, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Bandera County, Texas and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Bandera County, Texas' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

TEL: 830 997 3348 EMAIL: info@nb-cpa.com P.O. Box 874 · 512 S Adams Street, Fredericksburg, TX 78624 MEMBER AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & TEXAS SOCIETY OF CPAS

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of Bandera County, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Bandera County, Texas' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 4 through 10), budgetary comparison information (pages 47 through 49), the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions, and the schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios (pages 50 through 57), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures, to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bandera County, Texas' basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 10, 2023, on our consideration of Bandera County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bandera County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Neffendorf + Blocker, P.C.

NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C. Fredericksburg, Texas

March 10, 2023

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

As management of Bandera County, Texas, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial statements of the County for the year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 1, and the County's Basic Financial Statements which begin on page 11.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$29,345,969 (Net Position). Of this amount, \$10,330,682 (Unrestricted Net Position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizen's and creditors.
- > The County's Net Position increased by \$7,394,582 as a result of this year's operations.
- At September 30, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18,263,894, an increase of \$1,939,956 in comparison with the prior year.
- At September 30, 2022, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$9,931,499 or 73% percent of total general fund expenditures.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 11 - 13). These provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (on pages 14 - 21) report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the County.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 22) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Employer Contributions and the Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios are presented as required supplementary information on pages 47-57.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds and fiduciary funds beginning on page 58 contain even more information about the County's individual funds.

Reporting the County as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the County's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 10. Its primary purpose is to show whether the County is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the County's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the County's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The County's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who pay for the costs of some programs and grants provided by the outside parties and agencies (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or other unrestricted sources (general revenues). All the County's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the County's Net Position and changes in them. The County's Net Position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the County's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's Net Position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the County, however, you should consider other factors as well, such as changes in the County's customers or its property tax base and the condition of the County's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the County has one kind of activity:

Solution of the County's basic services are reported here, including public safety, roads and bridges, justice system, juvenile services, health and human services, culture and recreation, conservation and development and administration. Property taxes, grants, user charges, sales tax and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Reporting the County's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements on pages 14 - 21 provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the County as a whole. Laws and contracts require the County to establish some funds, such as grants received from a government agency. The County's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes.

Source of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental funds activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the Net Position (Table I) and changes in Net Position (Table II) of the County's governmental activities.

Net Position of the County's governmental activities increased from \$21,920,939 to \$29,345,969. Unrestricted Net Position - the part of Net Position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements was \$10,330,682 at September 30, 2022. This increase in governmental Net Position was the result of six factors. First, the County's revenues exceed the expenditures by \$1,939,956. Second, the County paid principal on long-term debt of \$714,073. Third; the County acquired capital assets in the amount of \$2,027,253. Fourth, the County recorded depreciation and amortization in the amount of \$1,511,136. Fifth, a net increase of \$3,856,689 due to required entries of GASB Statement No.68 accounting and financial reporting for pensions. Sixth, a net decrease of \$50,582 due to the required entries of GASB Statement No. 75 accounting and financial reporting for other post-employment benefits.

Table I Bandera County, Texas

NET POSITION

in thousands

and it is a state of

	Governme	ntal Ac	ctivities
	2022	12	2021
\$	21,861	\$	18,718
	1,915		1,518
	17,736		17,026
\$	41,512	\$	37,262
	2,551	1	3,235
	544		395
	3,788		2,784
	744		8,778
	657		627
	738		660
1	3,441	_	4,067
\$	9,912	\$	17,311
	4,805	7	1,265
	13,327		12,483
	5,688		5,839
-	10,331	_	3,599
\$	29,346	\$	21,921
	\$ \$ \$	2022 \$ 21,861 1,915 17,736 \$ 41,512 2,551 544 3,788 744 657 738 3,441 \$ 9,912 4,805 13,327 5,688 10,331	\$ 21,861 \$ 1,915 17,736 \$ 41,512 \$ 2,551 544 3,788 744 657 738 3,441 \$ 9,912 \$ 4,805 13,327 5,688 10,331

Table II

Bandera County, Texas

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

in thousands

		Governme	ntal A	ctivities
		2022		2021
Revenues:				_
Program Revenues				
Charges For Services	\$	4,300	\$	4,551
Operating Grants & Contributions		1,857		474
Capital Grants & Contributions		394		344
General Revenues				
Property Taxes		15,851		14,855
Other Taxes		1,758		1,567
Grants & Contributions		36		86
Investment Earnings		184		21
Other General Revenues	140	576	1	799
Total Revenues:	\$	24,956	\$	22,697
Expenditures:				
General Administration	\$	3,699	S	3,889
Law Enforcement		3,485		4,228
Corrections		1,618		2,087
Road & Bridge		1,725		2,248
Sanitation		383		346
Health & Human Services		2,300		2,914
Administration of Justice		2,950		3,613
Parks		281		320
Comm & Economic Development		922		926
Infrastructure & Environmental		11		274
Debt Service		187	1	137
Total Expenditures:	\$	17,561	\$	20,982
Change in Net Position		7,395		1,715
Beginning Net Position		21,951		20,206
Prior Period Adjustment	1	4		30
Net Position	\$	29,346	\$	21,951

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$17,561,620. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 11, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County taxes was only \$15,851,407 because the other costs were paid by sales tax (\$1,147,845), grants and contributions (\$2,286,970), user charges (\$4,300,073), investment earnings (\$184,086) and other general revenue (\$1,185,821).

THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As the County completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 14) reported a combined fund balance of \$18,263,894, which is more than last year's total of \$16,323,938. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is an increase of \$880,560 in the County's General Fund.

The Commissioner's Court adopted the General Fund, Ambulance and Road & Bridge Budgets. For the General Fund, the original budget and final budget anticipated expenditures to exceed revenues and other sources. Revenues were favorable to budget by \$354,324 expenditures were favorable to budget by \$3,804,108 and other financing sources and uses were favorable to budget by \$37,344; resulting in a net favorable variance of \$4,195,777. For the Ambulance Fund, actual revenues were more than budgeted amounts by \$269,768 and the expenditures were less than budgeted amounts by \$83,127. The net effect is a favorable variance of \$359,395. For the Road and Bridge Fund, the original and final budget anticipated expenditures to exceed revenues and other sources by \$716,925. Actual revenues were more than budgeted estimates by \$129,736. Actual expenditures were less than budgeted estimates by \$773,039. The net effect is a favorable variance of \$945,793.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of 2022, the County had \$17,734,803 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles and equipment and other improvements. This amount represents a net increase of \$511,627 or 3%.

CAPITAL ASSETS

	100	2022		2021
Land	\$	736	\$	736
Buildings		17,759		17,692
Equipment		12,943		12,135
Infrastructure		6,610		6,133
Construction in Progress		· ·		
Right-to-Use Leased Assets	1.1	167	16	-
Total Capital Assets	\$	38,215	\$	36,696
Accumulated Depreciation		(20,426)		(19,671
Accumulated Amortization	100	(55)		
Capital Assets, Net	\$	17,734	\$	17,025

This year's major additions included:

Building Improvements	67,155
Infrastructure	477,167
Equipment	1,482,931
Total	\$ 2,027,253

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in Note 3.D. to the financial statements.

At September 30, 2022, the County had the following outstanding debt:

OUTSTANDING DEBT

in thousands

	Governme	ental .	Activities
165	2022		2021
\$	3,790,000	\$	4,450,000
	112,873		
\$	3,902,873	\$	4,450,000
	\$ \$	\$ 2022 \$ 3,790,000 112,873	\$ 3,790,000 \$

At year-end the County had \$3,790,000 in refunding bonds outstanding; a decrease of \$660,000 or 15% from the prior year. The County paid \$660,000 in principal on the outstanding bond.

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases* at the beginning of the year. At year-end the County had \$112,873 in right-to-use lease liability. The County paid \$54,073 in principal on the outstanding right-to-use lease liability.

More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3.E. to the financial statements.

FUTURE ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The GASB has issued the following potentially significant statement which the County has not yet adopted, and which requires adoption subsequent to September 30, 2022.

Statement No.	Title	Adoption Required
96	Subscription-Based IT Arrangements	September 30, 2023

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2023 budget and tax rates. The major factors are the economy, population growth, and assessed property valuation. These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund and Ambulance Fund budgets for 2023. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$16,360,344 and expenditures are estimated to be \$20,082,185. If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary General fund balance is expected to decrease by \$3,721,841 for fiscal year 2023. Amounts available for appropriation in the Road and Bridge Fund budget are \$2,132,449 and expenditures are estimated to be \$3,185,900. If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary Road and Bridge Fund balance is expected to decrease by \$1,053,451 for fiscal year 2023. Amounts available for appropriation in the Ambulance Fund budget are \$2,749,671 and expenditures are estimated to be \$2,673,617. If these estimates are realized, the County's Ambulance Fund balance is expected to increase by \$76,054 for fiscal year 2023.

DEBT

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of Bandera County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Office of Bandera County Auditor or the Commissioners Court of Bandera County.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Primary Government

	Governmental Activities
201770	
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Receivables Due from Other Governments Capital Assets:	\$ 21,861,424 1,811,963 103,420
Land Infrastructure, Net Buildings, Net Machinery and Equipment, Net Right-to-Use Lease Assets, Net	736,228 2,364,211 11,067,813 3,454,608 111,943
Total Assets	41,511,610
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Charge for Refunding Deferred Resource Outflow Related to Pension Plan Deferred Resource Outflow Related to OPEB Plan	158,116 2,263,415 129,526
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,551,057
IABILITIES Accounts Payable Compensated Absences Payable Accrued Interest Payable Unearned Revenues Noncurrent Liabilities:	543,576 386,071 17,619 3,383,987
Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year: Bonds Payable - Noncurrent Net Pension Liability OPEB Liability	738,098 3,441,299 743,841 657,169
Total Liabilities	9,911,660
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Resource Inflow Related to Pension Plan Deferred Resource Inflow Related to OPEB Plan	4,773,677 31,361
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,805,038
IET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets and Lease Assets Restricted: Restricted for Special Revenue Restricted for Debt Service Unrestricted Net Position	13,327,451 5,624,490 63,346 10,330,682
Total Net Position	\$ 29,345,969

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

11

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	_	Program	Reven	iues
Expenses		Charges for Services	19	Operating Grants and ontributions
\$ 3,698,591	\$	1,274,990	S	1,184,001
3,485,320		517,942		5,600
1,618,395				
1,724,657		597,345		65,593
382,784		333,660		
2,299,799		1,000,979		98,443
2,950,303		302,163		503,038
280,550		272,994		
922,579		-		
11,197				1.4
187,045		-		
400		-		÷
\$ 17,561,620	\$	4,300,073	\$	1,856,675
\$	\$ 3,698,591 3,485,320 1,618,395 1,724,657 382,784 2,299,799 2,950,303 280,550 922,579 11,197 187,045 400	\$ 3,698,591 \$ 3,485,320 1,618,395 1,724,657 382,784 2,299,799 2,950,303 280,550 922,579 11,197 187,045 400	Expenses Charges for Services \$ 3,698,591 \$ 1,274,990 3,485,320 517,942 1,618,395 - 1,724,657 597,345 382,784 333,660 2,299,799 1,000,979 2,950,303 302,163 280,550 272,994 922,579 - 11,197 - 187,045 - 400 -	Charges for Services C \$ 3,698,591 \$ 1,274,990 \$ \$ 3,698,591 \$ 1,274,990 \$ 3,485,320 517,942 1,618,395 1,724,657 597,345 382,784 382,784 333,660 2,299,799 2,950,303 302,163 280,550 272,994 922,579 - 11,197 - 187,045 - 400 -

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service General Sales and Use Taxes Other Taxes Grants and Contributions Miscellaneous Revenue Investment Earnings

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning Prior Period Adjustment Net Position - Ending

EXHIBIT B-1

	Net (Expense) Revenu Changes in Net Posit
Capital	Primary Governme
Grants and Contributions	Governmental
364,879	\$ (874,721)
5,082	(2,956,696)
100	(1,618,395)
	(1,061,719)
1.2	(49,124)
	(1,200,377)
	(2,145,102)
4	(7,556)
24,143	(898,436)
-	(11,197)
	(187,045)
	(400)
394,104	(11,010,768)

15,138,640
712,767
1,147,845
610,155
36,191
575,666
184,086
18,405,350
7,394,582
21,920,939
30,448
\$ 29,345,969

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		General Fund		Ambulance Fund		Road and Bridge
ASSETS			1		1.5	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit) Other Receivables Due from Other Governments	S	10,043,113 806,642 (40,332) 48,553 103,420	\$	1,002,664 109,750 (5,488) 142,276	\$	4,088,444 166,100 (8,305) 26,310
Total Assets	S	10,961,396	\$	1,249,202	\$	4,272,549
LIABILITIES			_		-	
Accounts Payable Unearned Revenues	S	253,455 10,133	\$	30,325	\$	65,449
Total Liabilities	_	263,588	1	30,325		65,449
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		10.00	=		-	
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		766,309		104,263		157,794
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		766,309	-	104,263		157,794
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for Road & Bridge Retirement of Long-Term Debt		1		10		4,049,306
Other Restricted Fund Balance				1		4
Ambulance Services				1,114,614		-
Other Committed Fund Balance		0.021.400		-		1
Unassigned Fund Balance	-	9,931,499	-		-	-
Total Fund Balances	-	9,931,499	_	1,114,614	-	4,049,306
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	10,961,396	\$	1,249,202	\$	4,272,549

EXHIBIT C-1

	Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery		Other Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
S	3,527,526	\$	3,199,677 86,144 (4,307) 9,474	\$	21,861,424 1,168,636 (58,432) 226,613 103,420
\$	3,527,526	\$	3,290,988	\$	23,301,661
\$	153,672 3,373,854	\$	40,675	\$	543,576 3,383,987
	3,527,526		40,675	_	3,927,563
			81,838		1,110,204
-	-	_	81,838	-	1,110,204
			63,346 1,575,184		4,049,306 63,346 1,575,184
			1,529,945		1,114,614 1,529,945 9,931,499
	-		3,168,475	Ξ	18,263,894
\$	3,527,526	\$	3,290,988	\$	23,301,661

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

_		
	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 18,263,894
	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	12,492,713
	Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2022 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	2,715,929
	The County is required under GASB Statement No. 68 to report their net pension liability/asset in the Government Wide Statement of Net Position. The items reported as a result of this requirement incuded a net pension liability of \$743,841, a deferred resource outflow of \$2,263,415 and a deferred resource inflow of \$4,773,677. The net effect of these is to decrease net position \$3,254,103.	(3,254,103)
	The County is required under GASB Statement No. 75 to report their OPEB benefit plan through TCDRS. The requirement resulted in an OPEB Liability of \$657,169, a deferred resource outflow of \$129,526 and a deferred resource inflow of \$31,361 The net effect of these is to decrease net position by \$559,004.	(559,004)
	The 2022 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. Pleae note this includes the amortization on the right-to-use leased assets.	(1,511,136)
	Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	1,197,676
	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 29,345,969

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund	Ambulance Fund	Road and Bridge
REVENUES:			
Taxes:	5 4130 30	a national	a state in
Property Taxes	\$ 11,041,344	\$ 1,484,106	\$ 1,804,790
General Sales and Use Taxes	1,147,845		
Other Taxes	43,942		347.45
Licenses and Permits	120,283	the second second	599,41
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	500,552	75,638	65,59
Charges for Services	1,178,735	1,171,691	1,18
Fines	183,335		
Forfeits			
Investment Earnings	107,629	9,273	37,90
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	50	500	
Other Revenue	131,610	142,737	95
Total Revenues	14,455,325	2,883,945	2,509,835
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:	and the		
General Administration	3,294,187	-	
Law Enforcement	4,471,443	-	
Corrections	1,934,733		
Road and Bridge	303,833		2,323,98
Sanitation			
Health & Human Services	489,823	2,199,373	
Administration of Justice	2,651,721		
Parks	and the second sec		
Community & Economic Development	463,352		
Infrastructure & Environmental	-		
Debt Service:			
Principal on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases	52,885	1,188	
Interest on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases	478	7	
Other Debt Service			
Total Expenditures	13,662,455	2,200,568	2,323,985
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	792,870	683,377	185,850
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Sale of Real and Personal Property	40,319	6,500	32,000
Transfers In	10,513	0,000	52,00
Other Resources	48,096		11,01
Transfers Out (Use)	(725)		11,011
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	87,690	6,500	43,018
Net Change in Fund Balances	880,560	689,877	228,868
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	9,050,939	424,737	3,820,438
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 9,931,499	\$ 1,114,614	\$ 4,049,306

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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EXHIBIT C-3

	Coronavirus Local Fiscal		Other	G	Total overnmental
1	Recovery		Funds	_	Funds
\$	1.1	\$	1,199,862	\$	15,530,108
					1,147,845
	-		566,213		610,155
					719,693
	1,115,381		527,797		2,284,960
	-		681,662		3,033,271
			3.0.20		183,335
			363,776		363,776
			29,281		184,086
	÷		1,460		2,010
-	-	_	18,763	-	294,061
-	1,115,381	-	3,388,814	÷	24,353,300
	1,115,381		426,181		4,835,749
	100		24,704		4,496,147
	2		24,704		1,934,733
					2,627,818
			384,840		384,840
	-				2,766,048
	-		76,852 755,485		3,407,206
			322,040		322,040
			423,836		887,188
			423,830		10,500
	-		660,000		714,073
	-		164,050		164,535
_	¥	_	400	-	400
_	1,115,381	_	3,248,888	11	22,551,273
-		-	139,926	4	1,802,023
)		1.5		78,819
	-		725		725
			2		59,114 (725
-		-	725	-	137,933
-		-		÷	
	3		140,651		1,939,956
-		_	3,027,824	-	16,323,938
\$	÷	\$	3,168,475	\$	18,263,894

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,939,956
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2022 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase the change in net position.	2,715,929
The entries required by GASB Statement No. 68 did require that some expenses on Exhibit B-1 be adjusted. Total credits to expense were \$5,114,648 and total debits were \$1,257,959. The net effect on the change in net position on Exhibit B-1 is an increase of \$3,856,689.	3,856,689
The entries required by GASB Statement No. 75 did require that some expenses on Exhibit B-1 be adjusted. Total credits to expenses were \$23,507 and total debits were \$74,089. The net effect on the change in net position on Exhibit B-1 is a decrease of \$50,582.	(50,582)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position. Please note this includes amortization on right-to-use leased assets.	(1,511,136)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase the change in net position.	443,726
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,394,582

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
	1
\$ 171,111	\$ 2,261,945
10 M 1	7,555
-	780
171,111	2,270,280
	48,866
	48,866
171,111	2,221,414
\$ 171,111	\$ 2,221,414
	Trust Funds \$ 171,111

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS: Charges for Services Investment Earnings Other Revenue	\$ - 1,438 1,255	\$ 255,492 - 49,977,953	
Total Additions DEDUCTIONS: Other Operating Costs Supplies	2,693 70 13	48,961,693	
Total Deductions Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)	83 2,610 168,501	48,961,693 1,271,752 949,662	
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 171,111	\$ 2,221,414	

COUNTY OF BANDERA, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County of Bandera have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

1. A. REPORTING ENTITY

The County is an independent unit and is managed by a governing body of elected officials. The accompanying financial statements present the County's primary government.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based on the foregoing criteria, there were no component units identified that would require inclusion in this report. Also, the County is not included as a part of any other reporting entity.

1. B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets

the following criteria.

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditure/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund, the primary operating fund of the County, is always classified as a major fund. It is the basic fund of the County and covers all activities for which a separate fund has not been established.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt of the County other than debt service payments made by enterprise funds. Ad valorem taxes and interest earnings are used for the payment of principal and interest on the County's debt.

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the County. The County uses custodial funds to account for assets held in an agent capacity for other governments.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

Private Purpose Trust Funds report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The reporting entity includes four private purpose trust funds.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor. The major funds are as follows:

Major Fund	Brief Description
General	See above for description.
Special Revenue Fund: Ambulance	Accounts for all EMS operations and activities.

Special Revenue Fund: Road and Bridge	Accounts for all road and bridge construction and maintenance activity.
Special Revenue Fund: Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery	Accounts for grant proceeds and related expenditures for funds appropriated from the American Rescue Plan Act.

Nonmajor funds consist of special revenue funds and are detailed in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements - Nonmajor Funds.

1. C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. Custodial and Permanent Trust Funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expense, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statement, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized revenues when both "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectable within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Also under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

1. D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Cash and Cash Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "Cash and Cash Investments" includes demand deposit accounts and government investment pools. All amounts are considered available upon demand and are considered to be "cash equivalents."

Several funds may be invested in an investment account and each fund has an equity interest therein. Interest earned on the Investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at month end.

Receivables and Payables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances of uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. The major receivable balances for the governmental activities relate to property taxes and court fines and fees.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectable. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 60 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectable.

Ad valorem property taxes attach as enforceable liens as of January 1. Taxes are levied prior to September 30, payable on October 1, and are delinquent on February 1. The majority of the County's property tax collections occur during December and early January each year. To the extent that County property tax revenue results in current receivables as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), they are recognized when levied.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Infrastructure assets include County owned roads, bridges, signs, and improvements to land. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets and infrastructure is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50
Vehicles	3 - 10
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 15
Infrastructure	5 - 50

Compensated Absences

Full time employees who work 30 hours per week average may be granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the County. Accumulated vacation time may be taken in pay upon termination or retirement up to a maximum of twenty (20) days. Non-exempt full time employees who work over 40 hours per week may choose to accrue comp time in lieu of overtime payments. Accumulated comp time may be taken in pay upon termination or retirement up to a maximum of thirty (30) days. Sick leave accrues to full time employees to specified maximums; however neither the vacation or comp time accrual policy applies to accumulated sick leave. The liability for accrued compensated absences is not accrued in governmental funds using the modified accrual basis of accounting, but is reflected in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are in non-spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the County itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. County Commissioners). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the County intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be
 expressed by the County Commissioners or by an official or body to which the County Commissioners
 delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

The County Commissioners establish (and modify or rescind) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the County Commissioners through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or other purposes).

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net Position - Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net Position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

GASB 75 requires recognition of the Total OPEB Liability (TOL), deferred (inflows)/outflows of resources, and total OPEB expense on the face of the employer's financial statements. The TOL is calculated by the System's actuary in accordance with the provisions of GASB 75. The OPEB expense and deferred (inflows)/outflows of resources related to OPEB, which are required to be reported by an employer, primarily result from changes in the components of the TOL. Most changes in the TOL will be included in the OPEB expense in the period of the change. The County participates in the Texas County & District Retirement System Group-Term Life program.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period while a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position. These items are presented in a separate section following assets (deferred outflows) or liabilities (deferred inflows) on the statement of net position.

Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as deferred revenue. Unavailable revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied.

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87

As of October 1, 2021, the County adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The implementation of this standard establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The standard requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Disclosures required by this standard are included in Note 3.E.

1. E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

Property Taxes

The County contracted with the County of Bandera Appraisal District for the appraisal of taxes. Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1, of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1, of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. For the 2021 tax roll, the total assessed valuation was \$2,543,590,472 and the taxes assessed amounted to \$13,392,532. The total tax rate was \$0.5562 per \$100 valuation and allocated \$0.5280 for Maintenance and Operations and \$0.0282 to the Debt Service Fund. The maximum tax levy allowed by State law for the above purposes is \$0.80 per \$100 valuation.

In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Due to the immaterial amount of additional property taxes receivable after the 60-day period, no additional accrual is made in the government-wide financial statements.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - by Character: Current (further classified by function) Debt Service Capital Outlay In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets, as required by state statute, are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General and Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The County Judge and County Auditor prepare the proposed budget and submit the data to Commissioners Court. A public hearing is held on the budget by Commissioners Court. Before determining the final budget, Commissioners Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. In the final budget, which is usually adopted in September, expenditures for current operating funds cannot exceed the estimated available cash balances in such funds on October 1, plus the estimate of revenues for the ensuing year.

For each budgeted fund, budgetary control is maintained at the expenditure line item level. This is the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriated amounts. The County Auditor is required to monitor the expenditures of the various funds. Any expenditures in excess of the total budgeted amount of a fund must be approved by the Commissioners' Court and the budget appropriately amended. It is the amended budget that is presented in the budget versus actual financial statement disclosure.

Encumbrance accounting, under which funds are reserved for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments, is not utilized by County of Bandera.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

3. A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the **Depository Contract Law**. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$2,335,666 and the bank balance was \$2,807,284. The County's cash deposits held at Texas Partners Bank at September 30, 2022 and during the year ended September 30, 2022 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Temporary investments consisted of certificates of deposits and government pool investments as follows:

Name	E.	Carrying Amount	ľ,	Fair Value	Maturity Date		FDIC Coverage		Pledged Securities
Bandera Bank -									
Certificate of Deposit	\$	214,441	s	214,441	6/8/2023	\$	214,441	\$	
Texas Partners Bank-									
Certificate of Deposit		211,926		211,926	9/26/2023		211,926		1
Hondo National Bank -									
Certificate of Deposit		218,877		218,877	1/31/2023		218,877		
Liquid Asset Portfolio -									
Logic	Ģ.	21,313,570	14	21,313,570	N/A	2	*	ŝ,	•
Total Governmental Activities	\$	21,958,814	\$	21,958,814					

*The County invests in Logic (a Local Government Investment Pool) to provide its primary liquidity needs. Logic is established in conformity with the Inter-local Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. Logic is structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are adjusted daily and the fund seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00, although this cannot be guaranteed. Logic is rated AAA and must maintain a weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days. At September 30, 2022, Logic had a weighted average maturity of 19 days and a net asset value of \$0.999709. The County considers the holdings in these funds to have a one-day weighted average maturity. This is due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholder, short of a significant change in value.

In compliance with the **Public Funds Investment Act**, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's policy regarding types of deposits allowed and collateral requirements is to deposit funds in FDIC insurance banks which have sufficient pledged collateral if needed. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end and during the year ended September 30, 2022, was covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Thus positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Other Credit Risk: There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To minimize credit risk, Logic Investment Pool invests only in investments authorized under the Public Funds Investment Act. Logic's portfolio has low marker (credit) risk due to restrictions on weighted average maturity and maximum maturity of any one investment. At September 30, 2022, the County was not exposed to concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

3. B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General Fund		Ambulance Fund		Road & Bridge Fund		Other Governmental Funds		TOTAL	
Receivables:											
Property Taxes	S	806,642	\$	109,750	s	166,100	S	86,144	\$	1,168,636	
Other Receivables		48,553		142,276		26,310		9,474		226,613	
Due from Other Governments	-	103,420			į,				-	103,420	
Gross Receivables	s	958,615	\$	252,026	s	192,410	s	95,618	s	1,498,669	
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		40,332		5,488		8,305		4,307		58,432	
Net Total Receivables	-	918,283	s	246,538		184,105		91,311	s	1,440,237	

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, *unavailable revenues* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

General Fund -		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	766,309
Ambulance Fund -		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		104,263
Road & Bridge Fund -		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		157,794
Other Governmental Funds -		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-	81,838
	\$	1,110,204

3. C. COURT FINES, FEES AND EMS BILLINGS RECEIVABLE

In accordance with GASB Statement Number 34, the County has determined the amount of court fines, fees and EMS billings receivable to be \$1,739,261 which represents amounts owed and outstanding for the last 5 years. Based on historical collection rates for the various courts and the EMS Department, the County has booked an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$1,264,115, resulting in a net receivable of \$475,146.

3. D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

Primary Government

		Halance 10/1/2021		Increase		Decrease		Batanee 9/30/2022
Governmental Activities:	_		-		_		-	
Captial Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	5	736,228	s		5		s	736,228
Construction in Progress		*	1.00				1	
Total Assets Not Being Depreciated	5	736,228	5		5		5	736,228
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	17,691,802	\$	67,155	\$		s	17,758,957
Equipment and Machinery		12,166,753		1,482,931		(706,220)		12,943,464
Infrastructure	-	6,133,093	1	477,167			1.4	6,610,260
Total Assets Being Depreciated	5	35,991,648	5_	2,027,253	s	(706,220)	5_	37,312,681
Less Accumulated Depreciation.								
Buildings and Improvements	5	(6,186,946)	S	(504,198)	S		S	(6,691,144)
Equipment and Machinery		(9,552,325)		(638,261)		701.730		(9,488,856)
Infrastructure	-	(3,932,375)	-	(313,674)	-		1.14	(4,246,049)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	s	(19,671,646)	5_	(1,456,133)	\$	701,730	\$	(20,426,049)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	5	17,056,230	\$	571,120	s	(4,490)	\$	17,622,860
Right-to-Use Lease Assets being Amortized								
Equipment	5	166,946	\$		5		s	166,946
Total Right-to-Use Lease Assets	s	166,946	\$		5		8	166,946
Less Accumulated Amortization:								
Equipment	s		5	(55,003)	5		s	(55,003)
Total Accumulated Answeization	s	•	\$	(55,003)	5	1	\$	(55,003)
Total Right-to-Use Assets Being Amortized, Net	\$	166,946	\$	(55,003)	\$		s_	111,943
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	17,223,176	\$	516,117	5	(4,490)	s	17,734,803

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Administration	\$	321,059
Law Enforcement		298,549
Corrections		128,451
Roads and Bridge		174,508
Sanitation		25,556
Health and Human Services		183,657
Administration of Justice		243,348
Parks		21,386
Community & Economic Development		58,922
Infrastructure & Enviromental		697
Total Depreciation Expense-	1.0	
Governmental Activities	\$	1,456,133

Amortization expense was charged to the functions of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Administration	5	35,573
Law Enforcement		5,549
Corrections		1,953
Health and Human Services		1,953
Administration of Justice		9,975
Total Amortization Expense-		194 Au
Governmental Activities	5	55,003

3. E. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions of the County for the year ended September 30, 2022.

		Balance 10/1/2031		Issued	Retired		Balance 9/30/2022		Due Within One Year
Texas General			-						
Obligation Refunding Bonds-									
Series 2015	5	4,450,000	\$	-	\$ 660,000	\$	3,790,000	\$	685,000
Premium on Bonds		277,478			954		276,524		
Right-to-Use Lease Liability		166,946			54,073		112,873		53,098
SUBTOTAL	5	4,894,424	\$ \$		\$ 715,027	5	4,179,397	\$	738,098
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,778,450	\$	137,134	\$ 8,171,743	s	743,841	s	
OPEB Liability		626,774		51,593	21,198		657,169		- 14
Compensated Absences		361,941	-	24,130			386,071		
TOTAL	s	14,661,589	\$ \$	212,857	\$ 8,907,968	\$	5,966,478	\$	738,098

Bonds Payable

The County issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2015 for \$6,885,000 at interest rates from 2.0% to 4.0% with a final maturity date of August 15, 2028. The bonds are payable from the collection of an ad valorem tax levied on all taxable property. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used to finance the remaining callable obligations from the County's Series 2007 General Obligation Bonds and the Series 2008 General Obligation Bonds. The bonds were called and were redeemed by depositing \$7,489,976 into an escrow account on September 25, 2015. The financial gain on these refunding bonds was \$644,734 and the economic gain was \$568,633. The following obligations are considered to be defeased and the liability removed from the accompanying financial statements:

Refunded Amount		Balance 9/30/22
\$ 5,790,000	\$	3,205,000
1,140,000		855,000
\$ 6,930,000	\$	4,060,000
\$	Amount \$ 5,790,000 1,140,000	\$ 5,790,000 \$ 1,140,000

Debt service requirements for the Texas General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Annual Requirements
2023	685,000	140,950	825,950
2024	710,000	116,975	826,975
2025	735,000	92,125	827,125
2026	765,000	66,400	831,400
2027	795,000 35,800		830,800
2028	100,000	4,000	104,000
TOTAL	\$ 3,790,000	\$ 456,250	\$ 4,246,250

Lease Liabilities

As of October 1, 2021, the County has a 40 month lease as lessee for the use of 1207-A Pecan Street. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$78,200. As of September 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$56,162. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,850. The lease has an interest rate of 0.2630%.

As of October 1, 2021, the County had a 29 month lease as lessee for the use of UBEO printers and copiers. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$54,667. As of September 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$32,093. The County is required to make monthly payment of \$2,386. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3280%

As of October 1, 2021, the County had a 18 month lease as lessee for the use of a Xerox copier in the County Clerk's office. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,402. As of September 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$800. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$133.46. The lease has an interest rate of 0.00%.

As of October 1, 2021, the County had a 56 month lease as lessee for the use of five Xerox copiers. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$16,762. As of September 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$22,966. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$793. The lease has an interest rate of 0.7120%.

As of October 1, 2021, the County had a 18 month lease as lessee for the use of a Xerox copier in the Treasurer's office. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,550. As of September 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$850. The County is required to make monthly payments of \$142. The lease has an interest rate of 0.00%

Remaining obligations associated with leases are as follows:

Year Ending September 30.	Р	rincipal	Int	erest		Annual Requirements			
2023		53,098	-	335		53,433			
2024		39,268		167		39,435			
2025		16,286		61		16,347			
2026	-	4,221	-	11	_	4.232			
TOTAL	\$	112,873	S	574	\$	113,447			

3. F. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County is subject to various litigation and claims arising out of the normal course of operations. Although the outcome of these claims is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the government's management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements. Therefore, no provision for any liability, if any, has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

3. G. RISK MANAGEMENT

County of Bandera is exposed to various risks of loss relating to general liability, the accidental loss of real and personal property, damage to County assets, error and omissions and personnel risks which relate to workers' compensation. The County contracts in the form of interlocal agreements with the Texas Association of Counties (TAC) to provide the aforementioned types of insurance coverage through an intergovernmental risk pool. These multi-employer accounts provide for a combination of modified self-insurance and stop loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by Texas Association of Counties. Liability by the County is generally limited to the amounts calculated by the County interlocal agreements.

3. H. HEALTH INSURANCE

The County provides group health and dental insurance coverage for regular, full-time employees through Texas Association of Counties and Ameritas. The County pays for a portion of the premium for eligible employees. Employees, at their option, may authorize payroll withholdings to pay premiums for eligible family members.

3. I. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

A description of the pension plan pursuant to Paragraph 40 of GASB Statement No. 68 is as follows:

- a. Bandera County participates in the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system.
- b. A brief description of benefit terms:
 - All full-and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.
 - 2) The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits.
 - 3) TCDRS is a savings-based plan. For the county's plan, 7% of each employee's pay is deposited into his or her TCDRS account. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest on beginning of year balances annually. At retirement, the account is matched at an employer set percentage (current match is 200%) and is then converted to an annuity.
 - 4) There are no automatic COLAs. Each year, the county may elect an ad hoc COLA for its retirees (if any). There are two COLA types, each limited by actual inflation.
 - 5) Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. They may be amended as of January 1 each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.
- c. Membership information is shown in the chart below.
- d. The county's contribution rate is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, although the employer may elect to contribute at a higher rate. The Bandera County contribution rate is based on the TCDRS funding policy adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees and must conform with the TCDRS Act. The employee contribution rates are set by the county and are currently 7%. Contributions to the pension plan from the county for 2021 are shown in the Schedule of Employer Contributions.
- e. The most recent comprehensive annual financial report for TCDRS can be found at the following link, TCDRS.org/Employer.

Members covered by benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	115	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	148	
Active employees	218	
	481	

Contributions

TCDRS is a model for responsible, disciplined funding. TCDRS does not receive any state funding. As an agent, multiple-employer plan, each participating employer in the system funds its plan independently. A combination of three elements fund each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions and investment income.

- The deposit rate for employees is 4%, 5%, 6% or 7% of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body.
- Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.
- Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Pursuant to state law, employers participating in the system must pay 100% of their actuarially determined required contributions on an annual basis.

Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience.

In addition, employers annually review their plans and may adjust benefits and costs based on their local needs and budgets. Although accrued benefits may not be reduced, employers may reduce future benefit accruals and immediately reduce costs.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2021 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$1,121,770, and exceed the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

All actuarial methods and assumptions used for this GASB analysis were the same as those used in the December 31, 2021 funding valuation (see Appendix C, following for details), except as noted below and throughout this report. Please see the Bandera County December 31, 2021 Summary Valuation Report for further details.

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Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age (level percent of pay) (1)
Amortization Method Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Recognition of Assumptions, Changes or Inputs	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Asset Valuation Method	
Smooth Period	5 years
Recognition Method	Non-asymptotic
Corridor	None
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.00% (made up of 2.50% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.6% per year for a career employee.
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% (Gross of administrative expenses)
Cost of Living Adjustments	Cost-of-Living Adjustments for Bandera County are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, an annual 1% cost-of-living adjustment is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of- living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.
Retirement Age	Deferred members are assumed to retire (100% probability) at the later of: a) age 60; b) earliest retirement eligibility.
Turnover	New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar entry ages.
Mortality	Pub-2010 Mortality Tables
Adjustment for Plans with the Partial-Lump Sum Payment Option (Liability and Normal Cost)	The termination rate is 0% for the two years immediately prior to retirement eligibility. Rates are reduced at ages near retirement as it is anticipated that a member would be less likely to take a withdrawal if the partial lump-sum payment option was available.

(1) Individual entry age normal cost method, as required by GASB 68, used for GASB calculations. Note that a slightly different version of the entry age normal cost method is used for the funding actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2022 information for a 10- year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed in detail at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The assumption for the long-term expected return is reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice. Milliman relies on the expertise of Cliffwater in the assessment.

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	Geometric Real Rate of Return ⁽²⁾
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	3.80%
Global Equities	MSCI World (Net) Index	2.50%	4.10%
International Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (Net) Index	5.00%	3.80%
International Equities – Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (Net) Index	6.00%	430%
Investment - Gade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	1.77%
Direct Lending	S&P/ LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index ⁽³⁾	4.00%	4.50%
RET Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index +33% S&P Global REIT (Net) Index	2.00%	3.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	3,85%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁴⁾	6.00%	5.10%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽⁵⁾	25.00%	6.80%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	155%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-1.05%

111 Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2022 TCDRS Board meeting

12) Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.6%, per Cliffivater's 2022 capital market assumptions.

(3) Includes vintage years 2005 - present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

(4) Includes vintage years 2007 - present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

15) Includes vinuage years 2006 - present of Quarter Pooled Harizon IRRs.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pensions plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

			In	crease/(Decrease)	(
Changes in Net Pension Liability / (Asset)		Total Pension Liability (a)		Fiduciary Net Position (b)	1	Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) (a)-(b)
Balances as of December 31, 2020	s	42,904,560	\$	34,126,110	\$	8,778,450
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost		1,543,446				1,543,446
Interest on Total Pension Liability (1)		3,327,622				3,327,622
Effect of Plan Changes (2)		(3,676,814)				(3,676,814)
Effects of Economic/Demographic- Gains or Losses		182,845				182,845
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs		(172,811)				(172,811)
Refund of Contributions		(97,331)		(97,331)		
Benefit Payments		(1,254,443)		(1,254,443)		
Administrative Expenses				(22,730)		22,730
Member Contributions				674,556		(674,556)
Net Investment Income				7,536,508		(7,536,508)
Employer Contributions				1,031,137		(1,031,137)
Other ⁽³⁾	-		4	19,425	-	(19,425)
Balances as of December 31, 2021	\$	42,757,075	5	42,013,234	s	743,841

Changes in Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

 ⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.
 ⁽²⁾ Reflects plan changes adopted effective in 2022. Also reflects decrease in substantively automatic COLA valued. ⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the county/district, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the Bandera County net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

		1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
	įĘ	6.60%		7.60%	12	8.60%
Total Pension Liability	\$	48,938,275		42,757,074	\$	37,648,929
Fiduciary Net Position	i e	42,013,232	_	42,013,232	1	42,013,232
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	6,925,043	\$	743,842	\$	(4,364,303)

Prepaid Expense/(Income)	62	January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021
Service Cost	\$	1,543,446
Interest on Total Pension Liability (1)	Φ	3,327,622
Effect of Plan Changes		(3,676,814)
Administrative Expenses		22,730
Member Contributions		(674,556)
Expected Investment Return Net of Investment Expenses		(2,606,664)
Recognition of Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources		
Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses		7,386
Recognition of Assumption Changes or Inputs		661,351
Recognition of Investment Gains or Losses		(1,319,996)
Other ⁽²⁾	-	(19,425)
Pension Expense/(Income)	\$_	(2,734,920)

Pension Expense / (Income)

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

As of December 31, 2021, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 85,505	s	181,703
Changes of assumptions			1,220,424
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	4,688,172		5.
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	N/A		861,288

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31	1	
2022	\$	(365,103)
2023		(902,902)
2024		(1,117,576)
2025		(985,969)
2026		+
Thereafter ⁽⁴⁾		-

⁽³⁾ Any eligible employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year should be reflected as outlined in Appendix D of this Report.

⁽⁴⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

3. J. GROUP TERM LIFE FUND

Plan Description

A description of the OPEB plan pursuant to Paragraph 50 of GASB Statement No. 75 is as follows:

- a. Bandera County participates in the retiree Group Term Life program for the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system.
- b. A brief description of benefit terms:
 - All full-and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year and are eligible for the TCDRS pension plan. Only employers that have elected participation in the retiree Group Term Life program are included in the OPEB plan.
 - The plan provides a \$5,000 post-retirement death benefit to beneficiaries to services retirees and disability retirees of employers that have elected participation in the retiree GTL program.
 - 3) The OPEB benefit is a fixed \$5,000 lump-sum benefit.
 - 4) No future increases are assumed in the \$5,000 benefit amount.
 - Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the employer may elect to opt out (or opt into) coverage as of Jan. 1 each year.
- c. Membership information is shown in the chart below.
- d. Contributions made to the retiree GTL Program are held in the GTL Fund. The GTL fund does not meet the requirements of a trust under Paragraph 4b of GASB 75, as the assets of the GTL fund can be used to pay active GTL benefits which are not part of the OPEB plan.
- e. Benefits terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the employer may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage as of Jan. 1 each year. The county's contribution rate for the retiree GTL program is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, and is equal to the cost of providing a one-year death benefit equal to \$5,000.

Members covered by benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	94	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	49	
Active employees	221	
	364	49 221

Contributions

For GASB 75 purposes, the OPEB plan is not a cost sharing plan as the employer's benefit payment for the year are treated as being equal to its annual retiree GTL contributions. Employers in the TCDRS Group Term Life (GTL) Program make a combined contribution for both active and retiree coverage; however, only the retiree coverage is considered an OPEB plan and therefore only the contributions associated with retiree coverage are included under GASB 75. For GASB 75 purposes, the employer's benefit payments for the year are treated as being equal to its annual retiree GTL contributions.

The following table shows a breakdown of the employer's contributions to the GTL program for the

calendar year 2021. The contributions for retiree GTL coverage are assigned to the OPEB plan under GASB 75 and are used to determine the benefit payments used to calculate changes in total OPEB liability. The contributions for active coverage are not considered an OPEB benefit under GASB 75.

Coverage Type	2021 GTL Rate	Amount	Financial Reporting		
Active Member GTL Benefit	0.27%	25,755	No change from prior year		
Retiree GTL Benefit	0.13%	12,400	GASB 75		

Employer OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2021 should be reflected as a deferred outflow. As previously noted, only contributions to the GTL program for retiree coverage should be included under GASB 75. Therefore, once the total GTL contributions made subsequent to the measurement date have been determined, this amount should be multiplied by the portion attributable to retiree coverage to determine the OPEB contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that should be reported under GASB 75. This proportion is 31.70732%, allocated as follows:

Coverage Type	2022 GTL Rate	Amount	Financial Reporting
Active Member GTL Benefit	0.27%	68.29268%	No change from prior year
Retiree GTL Benefit	0.13%	31.70732%	GASB 75

The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$39,413, and were equal to the required contributions.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's Total OPEB Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Level Percent of Salary
Amortization Method	
Recognition of	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Economic/Demographic	
Gains or Losses	
Recognition of	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Assumptions, Changes	
or Inputs	
Investment Rate of Return	2.06%
(Discount Rate)	20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 31, 2021.

Disability	Members who become disabled are eligible to commence benefit payments regardless of age.
Mortality	Pub-2010 Mortality Tables
Retirement	Deferred members are assumed to retire (100% probability) at the later of: a) age 60 b) earliest retirement eligibility ** For all eligible members ages 75 and later, retirement is assumed to occur immediately.
Other Termination of Employment	For non-depositing members who are not vested, 100% are assumed to elect a withdrawal. No termination after eligibility for retirement is assumed.

Discount Rate

The TCDRS GTL program is treated as an unfunded OPEB plan because the GTL trust covers both active and retirees and the assets are not segregated for these groups. Under GASB 75 (paragraph 155), the discount rate for an unfunded OPEB plan should be based on a 20-year tax-exempt AA or higher Municipal Bonds. Therefore, a discount rate of 2.06% based on the 20 Year Bond Go Index published by bondbuyer.com is used as of the measurement date of December 31, 2021.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

City in the most is

	PEB Liability
Balances as of December 31, 2020	\$ 626,774
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	26,595
Interest on total OPEB liability ⁽¹⁾	13,721
Changes of benefit terms ⁽²⁾	-
Effect of economic/demographic experience	(10,997)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs ⁽³⁾	13,476
Benefit payments	(12,400)
Other	
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$ 657,169

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ No plan changes are valued.

⁽³⁾ Reflects change in discount rate.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 2.12%, as well as what the Bandera County Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.12%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.12%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		1.06%	$p_i^{\pm} =$	2.06%		3.06%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	802,701	\$	657,169	\$	546,433

OPEB Expense/ (Income)

	January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021
Service Cost	\$ 26,595
Interest on total OPEB liability ⁽¹⁾	13,721
Effect of plan changes	-
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources	
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	(4,407)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	27,179
Other	
OPEB expense/(income)	\$ 63,088

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interes

As of December 31, 2021, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred Inflows/ Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 16,046	\$ 4,086
Changes of assumptions	15,315	115,999
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	N/A	9,441

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31	-	
2022	\$	22,772
2023		22,775
2024		30,433
2025		12,744
2026		
Thereafter ⁽³⁾		-

⁽²⁾ Any eligible employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end should be reflected as outlined in Appendix C of this report.

⁽³⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

3. K. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers all its employees deferred compensation programs through Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. and the Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC). The plans, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The County does not contribute to this plan. All contributions are made by the employees who elect to participate in the plan. The County remits employee contributions to the plan trustee on a regular basis. The County does not administer the Section 457 plan, nor does it provide the investment advice to the plan. Accordingly, the Section 457 plan is not part of the County's reporting entity.

The County has no liability for losses under the plans, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The County believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

At September 30, 2022, the participants had balances of \$818,020 in Nationwide and \$966,696 in VALIC.

3. L. UNEARNED REVENUES

Unspent U.S. Department of Treasury State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds in the amount of \$3,373,854 are classified as unearned revenue in the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. The funds are for response to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

Unspent HAVA grant proceeds in the amount of \$10,133 are classified as unearned revenue in the General Fund. The funds are to be used to improve the administration of elections for office.

3.M. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The County recorded a prior period adjustment to correct the prior year Machinery and Equipment totals. The County added \$31,363 in machinery and equipment and \$915 in accumulated depreciation for the assets that were acquired in prior periods but not included in the County's depreciation schedule. The amount of the prior period adjustment in the governmental activities was an increase to net position in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities in the amount of \$30,448, which restated the beginning net position from \$21,920,939 to \$21,951,387.

3.N. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County has evaluated subsequent events through March 10, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. The County is not aware of any subsequent events that materially impact the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		o de la contra de		ounts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
		Original		Final	(GA	AP BASIS)		(Negative)	
REVENUES:									
Taxes:									
Property Taxes	\$	11,437,813	\$	11,437,813	\$	11,041,344	\$	(396,469)	
General Sales and Use Taxes		800,000		800,000		1,147,845		347,845	
Other Taxes		25,568		25,568		43,942		18,374	
Licenses and Permits		81,200		81,200		120,283		39,083	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		105,500		366,747		500,552		133,805	
Charges for Services		1,020,270		1,026,175		1,178,735		152,560	
Fines		217,600		217,600		183,335		(34,265)	
Investment Earnings		30,000		30,000		107,629		77,629	
Contributions & Donations from Private Source						50		50	
Other Revenue		53,060		115,897		131,610		15,713	
Total Revenues		13,771,011		14,101,001		14,455,325		354,324	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General Administration		6,124,608		6,464,130		3,294,187		3,169,943	
Law Enforcement		4,621,619		4,630,046		4,471,443		158,603	
Corrections		2,092,118		2,092,118		1,934,733		157,385	
Road and Bridge		308,294		308,294		303,833		4,461	
Health & Human Services		554,101		551,624		489,823		61,801	
Administration of Justice		2,926,234		2,940,783		2,651,721		289,062	
Community & Economic Development		479,954		479,568		463,352		16,216	
Debt Service:				17,500		105,555		10,210	
Principal on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases				-		52,885		(52,885)	
Interest on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases		-				478		(478)	
Total Expenditures		17,106,928		17,466,563		13,662,455	_	3,804,108	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(3,335,917)	-	(3,365,562)	_	792,870	-	4,158,432	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Sale of Real and Personal Property		1.1.1.1		40,319		40,319		1	
Other Resources		5,000		10,027		48,096		38,069	
Transfers Out (Use)			1		2	(725)	_	(725)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	5,000		50,346		87,690		37,344	
Net Change		(3,330,917)		(3,315,217)		880,560		4,195,777	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	1	9,050,939	1	9,050,939	Ē	9,050,939		-	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	5,720,022	\$	5,735,722	s	9,931,499	\$	4,195,777	

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - AMBULANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	_	Budgeted Amounts			Actual GAAP BASIS		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
	0	Original Fi		Final		(See Note)		(Negative)	
REVENUES:									
Property Taxes	\$	1,555,600	\$	1,555,600	\$	1,484,106	\$	(71,494)	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		60,000		44,621		75,638		31,017	
Charges for Services		841,000		848,429		1,171,691		323,262	
Investment Earnings		500		500		9,273		8,773	
Contributions & Donations from Private Other Revenue		250		165,027		500 142,737		500 (22,290)	
			-		-				
Total Revenues	-	2,457,350		2,614,177	_	2,883,945	_	269,768	
EXPENDITURES:									
Health & Human Services		2,126,868		2,283,695		2,199,373		84,322	
Debt Service:									
Principal on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases						1,188		(1,188)	
Interest on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases			_			7		(7)	
Total Expenditures	_	2,126,868	1	2,283,695	1.00	2,200,568	-	83,127	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	330,482	1	330,482	1	683,377	-	352,895	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sale of Real and Personal Property		4				6,500		6,500	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-				6,500	-	6,500	
Change in Fund Balance	-	330,482		330,482		689,877		359,395	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		424,737	1	424,737	1	424,737	_	-	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	755,219	\$	755,219	\$	1,114,614	s	359,395	

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			GA	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
C	riginal		Final		e se enderseer.		egative)
S	1,788,899	\$	1,788,899	\$	1,804,796	S	15,897
	526,000		526,000		599,410		73,410
	28,400		28,400		65,592		37,192
	800				1,183		383
			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				31,903
	30,000		30,000		951	L	(29,049)
	2,380,099		2,380,099	_	2,509,835	_	129,736
<u> </u>	3,097,024		3,097,024	_	2,323,985	_	773,039
	3,097,024		3,097,024		2,323,985	-	773,039
_	(716,925)	-	(716,925)	-	185,850	-	902,775
					32,000		32,000
					11,018	_	11,018
1		1			43,018	-	43,018
	(716,925)	-	(716,925)	ί τ	228,868		945,793
_	3,820,438	_	3,820,438	-	3,820,438	-	
\$	3,103,513	\$	3,103,513	\$	4,049,306	\$	945,793
	s	Original \$ 1,788,899 526,000 28,400 800 6,000 30,000 2,380,099 3,097,024 3,097,024 (716,925) 3,820,438	Original \$ 1,788,899 \$ \$ 526,000 28,400 \$ 800 6,000 30,000 2,380,099 2,380,099 3,097,024 3,097,024 (716,925) (716,925) 3,820,438	Original Final \$ 1,788,899 \$ 1,788,899 \$ 1,788,899 \$ 1,788,899 \$ 26,000 526,000 28,400 28,400 800 800 6,000 6,000 30,000 30,000 2,380,099 2,380,099 3,097,024 3,097,024 3,097,024 3,097,024 3,097,024 3,097,024 3,097,024 3,097,024 3,097,024 3,097,024 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Original Final GA \$ 1,788,899 \$ 1,788,899 \$ 1,788,899 \$ 526,000 \$ 28,400 28,400 28,400 800 \$ 800 800 6,000 30,000 \$ 2,380,099 2,380,099 2,380,099 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ (716,925) (716,925) (716,925) - \$ (716,925) (716,925) 3,820,438 3,820,438	Budgeted Amounts GAAP BASIS (See Note) \$ 1,788,899 \$ 1,788,899 \$ 1,804,796 \$ 26,000 526,000 \$ 1,788,899 \$ 1,788,899 \$ 1,804,796 \$ 26,000 526,000 \$ 28,400 28,400 \$ 800 800 \$ 800 800 \$ 800 800 \$ 800 800 \$ 3,000 30,000 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 3,097,024 \$ 3,097,024 2,323,985 \$ 3,097,024 2,323,985 \$ (716,925) (716,925) \$ 2,320,001 11,018 <tr< td=""><td>$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline Budgeted Amounts & GAAP BASIS & Final & GAAP BASIS & Pos (Net all constraints) & final & GAAP BASIS & Pos (Net all constraints) & final &$</td></tr<>	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline Budgeted Amounts & GAAP BASIS & Final & GAAP BASIS & Pos (Net all constraints) & final & GAAP BASIS & Pos (Net all constraints) & final &$

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Pla	FY 2022 an Year 2021	Pla	FY 2021 an Year 2020	Pl	FY 2020 an Year 2019
A. Total Pension Liability			-			
Service Cost	\$	1,543,446	\$	1,358,590	\$	1,182,887
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		3,327,622		3,093,974		2,636,355
Changes of Benefit Terms		(3,676,814)		(244,693)		2,886,707
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		182,845		(171,009)		78,052
Changes of Assumptions		(172,811)		2,700,066		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(1,351,774)		(1,316,335)		(1,304,095
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	S	(147,486)	\$	5,420,593	\$	5,479,906
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		42,904,560		37,483,967		32,004,061
Total Pension Liability - Ending	S	42,757,074	\$	42,904,560	\$	37,483,967
B. Total Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - Employer	\$	1,031,137	\$	1,010,698	\$	900,555
Contributions - Employee		674,556		654,476		622,299
Net Investment Income		7,536,508		3,164,635		4,290,636
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(1,351,774)		(1,316,335)		(1,304,095
Administrative Expense		(22,730)		(24,971)		(23,339
Other		19,426		11,066		11,756
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	7,887,123	\$	3,499,569	\$	4,497,812
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		34,126,110		30,626,540		26,128,729
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	42,013,233	\$	34,126,109	\$	30,626,541
C. Net Pension Liability	\$	743,841	\$	8,778,451	\$	6,857,426
D. Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		98.26%		79.54%		81.71%
C. Covered Payroll	\$	9,538,725	\$	9,349,655	\$	8,889,985
F. Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		7.80%		93.89%		77.14%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.146 requires that the data in this schedule be presented for the time period covered by the measurement date rather than the governmental entity's current fiscal year.

As required by GASB 68, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	P	FY 2018 lan Year 2017	Pl	FY 2017 an Year 2016	Pla	FY 2016 an Year 2015	Pl	FY 2015 an Year 2014
\$ 1,085,351	\$	1,106,668	s	1,173,888	\$	1,114,399	s	1,072,594
2,252,712		2,064,156		1,864,767		1,771,095		1,609,200
2,393,186		136,901				(579,646)		23,438
66,739		(122,651)		(210,760)		(757,891)		160,505
10		147,693		1		275,178		
(1,019,823)		(948,746)		(848,128)		(842,230)		(615,726)
\$ 4,778,165	\$	2,384,021	\$	1,979,767	\$	980,905	\$	2,250,011
27,225,896		24,841,875		22,862,108		21,881,203		19,631,192
\$ 32,004,061	\$	27,225,896	s	24,841,875	\$	22,862,108	\$	21,881,203
\$ 844,658	\$	764,343	\$	756,593	\$	743,611	s	742,320
590,088		564,390		562,368		550,098		537,913
(483,528)		3,296,122		1,522,595		(219,880)		1,254,017
(1,019,823)		(948,746)		(848,128)		(842,230)		(615,726)
(20,987)		(17,426)		(16,571)		(14,728)		(14,934)
15,004		4,928		6,237		48,413		(37,702)
\$ (74,588)	\$	3,663,611	\$	1,983,094	\$	265,284	\$	1.865,887
26,203,316		22,539,706		20,556,612		20,291,329		18,425,442
\$ 26,128,728	\$	26,203,317	\$	22,539,706	\$	20,556,613	\$	20,291,329
\$ 5,875,333	\$	1,022,579	\$	2,302,169	\$	2,305,495	\$	1,589,874
81.64%		96.24%		90.73%		89.92%		92.73%
\$ 8,429,833	\$	8,062,707	\$	8,033,828	\$	7,858,536	\$	7,684,473
69.70%		12.68%		28.66%		29.34%		20.69%

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2022

	-	2022	2021	<u></u>	2020
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	1,008,243	\$ 1,010,698	\$	900,555
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions		1,031,137	1,010,698		900,555
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(22,894)	6 -	\$	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	9,538,425 \$	\$ 9,349,655	\$	8,889,985
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		10.80%	10.80%		10.10%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.146 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the governmental entity's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending December 31 for the respective fiscal years.

As required by GASB 68, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

2013	2014	,	2015		2016	_	2017	-	2018	2019	_
631,700	671,036 \$	\$	742,320	\$18 \$	743,41	\$	756,593	\$	764,343	844,668 \$	\$
631,700	671,036		742,320	511	743,61		756,593		764,343	844,668	
	- \$	\$		93) \$	(193	\$	د . د	\$	· ·	- \$	\$
6,957,111	7,131,089 \$	\$	7,684,473	536 \$	7,858,536	\$	8,033,828	\$	8,062,707	8,429,833 \$	\$
9.10%	9.40%		9.70%	0%	9.50%	5	9.40%		9.50%	10.00%	

BANDERA COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Entry Age (level percentage of pay)
Level percentage of payroll, closed
14.7 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2021 valuation)
5-year smoothed market
2.50%
Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including inflation.
7.50%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions reflected2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.
 2015: Employer contributions reflect that a 1% flat COLA was adopted. 2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017. 2018: Employer contributions reflect that a 2% flat COLA was adopted. 2019: Employer contributions reflect that a 2% flat COLA was adopted. 2020: Employer contributions reflect that a 2% flat COLA was adopted. 2020: Employer contributions reflect that a 2% flat COLA was adopted. 2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

* Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to Schedule.

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Plar	FY 2022 n Year 2021	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	s	26,595	\$ 23,764	\$ 17,368
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		13,721	14,931	16,833
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		(10,997)	5,451	(3,377)
Changes of Assumptions		13,476	68,048	109,484
Benefit Payments*		(12,400)	(13,090)	(11,557)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	-	30,395	99,104	128,751
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		626,774	527,670	398,919
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	657,169	\$ 626,774	\$ 527,670
Covered Payroll	\$	9,538,725	\$ 9,349,655	\$ 8,889,985
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		6.89%	6.70%	5.94%

*The Supplemental Death Benefit Fund is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75. Because of this benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P52.139 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date of the plan.

As required by GASB 75, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

EXHIBIT G-6

Y 2019 Year 2018	Pla	FY 2018 an Year 2017
\$ 19,588	\$	17,872
14,905		15,456
8		
1,357		(19,460)
(45,947)		17,879
(9,273)		(8,869)
 (19,370)	_	22,878
418,289		295,411
\$ 398,919	\$	318,289
\$ 8,429,833	\$	8,062,707
4.73%		5.19%

BANDERA COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Level Percent of Salary
Amortization Method	
Recognition of economic	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
/demographic gains or losses	
Recognition of assumptions changes or inputs	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
	B Contractor Contractor Contractor
Asset Valuation Method	Does not apply
Inflation	Does not apply
Salary Increases	Salary increases do not affect benefits but are used in the allocation of costs under the actuarial cost method.
	under me netali ni oost menoa.
Investment Rate of Return	2.06%,
(Discount Rate)	20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 31, 2021.
Cost of Living Adjustment	Does not apply
Disability	Members who become disabled are eligible to commence benefit payments regardless of age.
Mortality	Pub-2010 General Mortality Tables
Retirement	For all eligible members ages 75 and later, retirement is assumed to occur immediately
Other Termination of	The rate of assumed future termination from active participation in the plan vary.
Employment	No termination after eligibility for retirement is assumed.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	1	11		14	1	15		16
	Н	otel Motel	Ν	Aansfield		Indigent		Garbage
		Tax	Park Fund			Health	Collection	
		Fund	_	Fund		Care	_	Stations
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	670,156	\$	39,056	\$	304,579	\$	252,580
Taxes Receivable		1.41		8,831		3,244		
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		- × .		(442)		(162)		÷.,
Other Receivables		8,977		455				42
Total Assets	\$	679,133	\$	47,900	\$	307,661	\$	252,622
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	6,412	\$	2,968	\$		\$	18,278
Total Liabilities		6,412	_	2,968			-	18,278
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes				8,389		3,083		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	_	8,389		3,083		. ÷
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted Fund Balance:								
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		- ÷				-		1.0
Other Restricted Fund Balance		-				-		
Committed Fund Balance:								
Other Committed Fund Balance		672,721		36,543		304,578		234,344
Total Fund Balances	Ξ	672,721	-	36,543	1	304,578	_	234,344
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	679,133	\$	47,900	\$	307,661	\$	252,622

	18	1	22		25		27		28		30		31		32
	teriff's		Child		Juvenile		Sheriff's		Law		unty Clerk		lecords		urthouse
	x Sale		Abuse	1	Probation		Seizure		Library	Rec	ords Mgmt		nt & Presrv	S	Security
I	Fund	Pr	evention	_	Fund	_	Fund	_	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
\$	1,854	\$	2,197	s	369,163	\$	65,384	\$	34,109	\$	310,601	S	4,504	\$	47,774
	.,			-	23,248		-		- 1,1 -			-	-	+	-
	- Q.,		4		(1,162)		A.,		14 M		4				-
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\$	1,854	\$	2,197	\$	391,249	\$	65,384	\$	34,109	\$	310,601	\$	4,504	\$	47,774
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	1,854		2,197		359,179		65,384		33,679		310,601		4,504		47,774
	ч.	-				_		_		_				_	
	1,854		2,197	_	359,179		65,384	-	33,679	E	310,601	<u> </u>	4,504	-	47,774
5	1,854	\$	2,197	\$	391,249	s	65,384	\$	34,109	\$	310,601	\$	4,504	\$	47,774

	Juy	33 enile ation-	Gran	34 t N- Juv bation		36 e IV-E	37 TJJD P&I DS		
		e Aid		al Health		und	Grant		
ASSETS			1.1	22	-				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	S	÷.	\$	781	\$	67	\$		
Taxes Receivable		÷.		- P.		1.4		1.6	
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		-				-			
Other Receivables								- 14	
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	781	\$	67	\$	-	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$		S		\$	1.2	\$		
Total Liabilities		14		•		÷.,			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			-						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		-		-			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	-			_	- <u>1</u>			
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted Fund Balance:									
Retirement of Long-Term Debt									
Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		781		67		1.6	
Committed Fund Balance:									
Other Committed Fund Balance		-		6		÷.			
Total Fund Balances		~		781		67	_	ò	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	÷.	\$	781	\$	67	\$		

Re	45 t. Dispute esolution	J	46 ppellate udicial	Gu	48 Iardianship Fee	Hot	49 torney Check	Fa Pro	51 mily tection	P	52 ttorney re-Trial	F	55 ist Clerk tecords	19	56 unty Clerk Records
Sys	tem Fund	System Fund		Fund		Collections		Fee		Diversion		Mgmt Fund		Archive	
\$	15,116	s	1,200	\$	24,542	s	170	\$. 4	\$	28,858	\$	8,875	\$	278,630
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\$	15,116	\$	1,200	\$	24,542	\$	170	\$		\$	28,858	\$	8,875	\$	278,630
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	15,116		1,200		24,542		170		2		28,858		8,875		276,938
	-				-		- 67		-				- 2 -		
_	15,116	_	1,200	4	24,542	_	170	=		_	28,858	-	8,875	2	276,938
5	15,116	\$	1,200	\$	24,542	\$	170	\$		\$	28,858	\$	8,875	\$	278,630

		57		58		60		63	
	Co	unty		Justice	Sta	te Funded	Court		
	Atte	orney		Court	Tra	ining-Law	R	ecords &	
	Fort	èiture	Te	chnology	En	forcement	Pr	eservation	
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	S	1	\$	12,224	\$	29,721	\$	46,964	
Taxes Receivable				1.0		-			
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		-		-		14		1.87	
Other Receivables		+		÷.				1.4	
Total Assets	\$	1	\$	12,224	\$	29,721	\$	46,964	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$		\$		\$	- 19-1	S	2	
Total Liabilities	-	- 14 -		÷	1	14		÷	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes				1.1		-			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				•				8	
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted Fund Balance:									
Retirement of Long-Term Debt								1.12	
Other Restricted Fund Balance		1		12,224		29,721		46,96	
Committed Fund Balance:									
Other Committed Fund Balance		- 9 -				÷.,			
Total Fund Balances	_	1	_	12,224	_	29,721	_	46,96	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	1	\$	12,224	\$	29,721	s	46,96	

Cler	65 District & Records Archive	Juv Comr	68 renile nitment N Grant	U	69 Jnclaimed Capital Credits	R	81 Court eporter vice Fund	F	82 Courts Facility Fund	ł	83 inguage Access Fund		84 lections Expenses Fund	V	85 Child Velfare Board
					25.65	V	585	5	1000	2		5	Sec.		
\$	28,856	\$	*	\$	242,906	\$	4,366	\$	2,520	\$	1,548	\$	4,232	\$	5,909
			-		-		5		-						5
	-		- 2				2		1				2		
\$	28,856	\$	= 2j	\$	242,906	\$	4,366	\$	2,520	\$	1,548	\$	4,232	\$	5,909
\$	1.	\$		\$		\$	1	\$		\$		\$	1	\$	
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	28,856				242,906		4,366		2,520		1,548		4,232		5,909
	÷.		÷.		-				4		÷.,		÷		
	28,856	_		Ξ	242,906	_	4,366		2,520	-	1,548		4,232	-	5,909
5	28,856	\$		\$	242,906	\$	4,366	\$	2,520	s	1,548	\$	4,232	\$	5,909

	87 Veterans Service Officer			88 Various Grants Fund		95 edina Lake County Park Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Fur	
A actual	0	meer	_	rund		ark runu	IC	cyclide Fund
ASSETS	1.2		ī.	803.74	1	000 200	5	2 10 1000
Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable	\$	575	\$	13,643	\$	282,670	\$	3,136,331
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		*		-				35,323
Other Receivables				10				(1,766)
	-		-	-	-	-	-	9,474
Total Assets	\$	575	\$	13,643	\$	282,670	5	3,179,362
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	S		s	1.14	\$	911	\$	40,675
Total Liabilities	-	-	-		-	911	2	40,675
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		- 21		- 2 -				33,558
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-			Ξ	4	Ξ	33,558
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted Fund Balance:								
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		14						4
Other Restricted Fund Balance		575		13,643		-		1,575,184
Committed Fund Balance:								
Other Committed Fund Balance		-				281,759		1,529,945
Total Fund Balances	-	575		13,643	1	281,759		3,105,129
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	575	\$	13,643	\$	282,670	\$	3,179,362

EXHIBIT H-1

	62		Total					
2	007 Jail/	Nonmajor						
	ustice Int	Governmental Funds						
&	Sinking							
\$	63,346	\$	3,199,677					
	50,821		86,144					
	(2,541)		(4,307)					
		_	9,474					
\$	111,626	\$	3,290,988					
\$	- 4.	\$	40,675					
_	÷	Ξ	40,675					
	48,280		81,838					
-	48,280	2	81,838					
	63,346		63,346					
			1,575,184					
	4	ŝ	1,529,945					
_	63,346	_	3,168,475					
s	111,626	\$	3,290,988					

	He	I I otel Motel Tax Fund	М	14 lansfield Park Fund	ł	15 Indigent Health Care	C	16 Garbage Collection Stations
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	1.1.2.7	\$	118,952	\$	47,946	\$	1.
Other Taxes		566,213				-		
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		1.1		-		26,064		1.00
Charges for Services				34,529		-		344,485
Forfeits		-0.33				0.5		1000
Investment Earnings		5,458		538		2,699		2,230
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources		1.0						
Other Revenue	_	•		984	12	-	_	
Total Revenues	_	571,671	_	155,003		76,709	-	346,715
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Administration		14		-		-		
Law Enforcement				1.2		i i		
Sanitation						. ÷		384,840
Health & Human Services		1.2		- 19		75,252		
Administration of Justice		-		- 3				
Parks		-		164,493		4		
Community & Economic Development		404,446						
Infrastructure & Environmental		-		-		- 9		
Debt Service:								
Principal on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases		-				÷		
Interest on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases		-				-		-
Other Debt Service						-		
Total Expenditures		404,446		164,493		75,252		384,840
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	167,225	-	(9,490)	1	1,457	1	(38,125)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In								1.2
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	Ξ	-	Ē	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		167,225		(9,490)		1,457	1	(38,125)
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	-	505,496	_	46,033	-	303,121	-	272,469
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	S	672,721	s	36,543	\$	304,578	S	234,344

	18 Sheriff's Tax Sale Fund	22 Child Abuse Prevention	25 Juvenile Probation Fund	27 Sheriff's Seizure Fund	1	28 Law Library Fund	30 County Clerk Records Mgmt Fund		31 Records nt & Presrv Fund	S	32 ourthouse Security Fund
\$		\$ -	\$ 318,625	\$ -	s		\$	\$		s	1
	4		- 1. Carlor					- M	-		
	- 2 -		280	-							
	202 776	451	1,079	100		14,592	78,130	52.5	477		22,907
	363,776	19	3,392	558		286	2,606		16		378
		19	3,392	550		200	2,000		10		370
		-	14,372	·			26				
1	363,776	470	337,748	558	1	14,878	80,762		493		23,285
									1.1.1		
	363,776						34,621		3,152		10.000
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	-					-		-	÷	-	
_	363,776		303,363	987	_	10,090	34,621		3,152		10,000
_		470	34,385	(429)	_	4,788	46,141	-	(2,659)	-	13,285
	-	4									
2	14				2			_	-		-
		470	34,385	(429)		4,788	46,141		(2,659)		13,285
Ę	1,854	1,727	324,794	65,813	_	28,891	264,460	-	7,163	_	34,489
\$	1,854	\$ 2,197	\$ 359,179	\$ 65,384	¢	33,679	\$ 310,601	\$	4,504	\$	47,774

	Pro	33 venile bation- nte Aid	Grant Prob	4 N- Juv ation Health	30 Title Fu	IV-E	P	37 TJJD &I DSA Grant
REVENUES:						-		
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$		S		\$	
Other Taxes				1.18				
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		170,340		14,523				249,982
Charges for Services				-		÷		4
Forfeits				1		-		
Investment Earnings		-				-		
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources				1.5		÷		
Other Revenue	_		-	-			-	
Total Revenues	_	170,340	1	14,523	1		_	249,982
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Administration				1.12				
Law Enforcement		-				4		
Sanitation		1.0		-		4		
Health & Human Services		0.03						1000
Administration of Justice		170,340		14.523		÷		249,982
Parks		10 Mail				- 9		1.11
Community & Economic Development		- C+		1.00				
Infrastructure & Environmental		-		-		-		
Debt Service:								
Principal on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases		-						
Interest on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases		-		-		-		-
Other Debt Service		÷.			_	- 5	-	
Total Expenditures		170,340	1	14,523			2	249,982
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_		-	14			1	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		1.1		Q				100
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		7	_	- 18	_	-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)			_	781		67		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$		\$	781	\$	67	\$	

45 Alt. Dispute Resolution System Fund	46 Appellate Judicial System Fund	48 Guardianship Fee Fund	49 Attorney Hot Check Collections	51 Family Protection Fee	52 Attorney Pre-Trial Diversion	55 Dist Clerk Records Mgmt Fund	56 County Clerk Records Archive
e	6	e			•	¢	¢.
\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
		1.					
7,718	2,085	3,750	170	345	9,655	9,829	79,280
						1.2	1.0
126	8				252	67	2,291
						1	
7,844	2,093	3,750	170	345	9,907	9,896	81,571
						5,951	17,877
-		-			10,434		4. U MAR
		1.12					
6,000	1,095			1,500	-2	1.1.5	
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-	-						12.005
6,000	1,095	ī	<u>تى</u>	1,500	10,434	5,951	17,877
1,844	998	3,750	170	(1,155)	(527)	3,945	63,694
			a	725		S	
			-	725	<u> </u>		
1,844	998	3,750	170	(430)	(527)	3,945	63,694
13,272	202	20,792		430	29,385	4,930	213,244
\$ 15,116	\$ 1,200	\$ 24,542	\$ 170	\$ -	\$ 28,858	\$ 8,875	\$ 276,938

s	÷	\$					
S	•	\$					
	1.7		-	\$	5,599	\$	
			6,833 - 95 -		259		947 127
			6,928		5,858	-	1,074
-	1	-				_	
			- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		3,283 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		1,074
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_	- 5	_		_	3	_	
	8		928		2,575		1,074
	1	_	11,296	_	27,146		45,890
\$	I	\$	12,224	\$	29,721	\$	46,964
				95 	95 6,928 6,928 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 928 - 928 - 928 - 928 - 928 - 928 - 111,296	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

6 Dist Clerk R Arcl	rict lecords	68 Juvenil Commitm RDCTN C	nent	69 Unclaimed Capital Credits	81 Court Reporter Service Fund		82 Courts Facility Fund	83 Language Access Fund	(84 Elections Co Expenses Fund		85 Child Welfare Board
s		s		s -	s -	\$		\$	- \$		\$	
	-	-	1.	-			1.		-			1.1
	28	2	,682	34,184					-			
	939		191	-	4,366		2,520	1,54	3	4,232		1.9
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	-						1.5			-		3
_						-			÷	-	_	
	804	2	,682	9,300	î	-			-		_	1,600
	417	_		26,731	4,366	-	2,520	1,54	3 -	4,232	-	(767)
	5		<u>.</u>			_	-					
	<u> </u>		_			_					_	
	417		-	26,731	4,366		2,520	1,54	3	4,232		(767
2	28,439			216,175		_			-		_	6,676
5 2	8,856	S		\$ 242,906	\$ 4,366	¢	2,520	\$ 1,54		4,232	¢	5,909

	Vet Sei	87 erans vice Tcer	88 Vari Gra Fur	ous nts	С	95 ina Lake ounty k Fund		Total Nonmajor Special /enue Funds
REVENUES:								
Taxes:							•	105 50
Property Taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$	485,523
Other Taxes		7						566,213
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services				24,143		50,795		527,797
Forfeits		5		- 0		30,795		681,662
Investment Earnings		1		- 18.		2,599		363,776
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources		575				100		1,460
Other Revenue		5/5				- 100		15,382
Total Revenues	-	575	1	24,143		53,494		2,667,994
EXPENDITURES:			1		-			
Current:								
General Administration				- e.		-		426,18
Law Enforcement				्रे		-		24,704
Sanitation				- 18		-		384,840
Health & Human Services				1.6		é		76,852
Administration of Justice		-		2		-		755,485
Parks		-				157,547		322,040
Community & Economic Development		1.5						423,830
Infrastructure & Environmental		1.51		10,500				10,500
Debt Service:								
Principal on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases		-						
Interest on Debt and Right-to-Use Leases		÷				-		
Other Debt Service		- 4		-				
Total Expenditures	_	-	-	10,500		157,547		2,424,438
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		575	_	13,643	(104,053)	_	243,556
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		-		-		-		725
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				- 2		÷	2	725
Net Change in Fund Balance		575		13,643	(104,053)		244,281
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	_		-			385,812	_	2,860,848
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	575	\$	13,643	s	281,759	s	3,105,129

62	Total
2007 Jail/	Nonmajor
Justice Int	Governmental
& Sinking	Funds
\$ 714,339	\$ 1,199,862
	566,213
	527,797
-	681,662
3,100	363,776 29,281
5,100	1,460
3,381	18,763
720,820	3,388,814
	426,181
	24,704
-	384,840
	76,852
÷.	755,485
	322,040
2	423,836
	10,000
660,000	660,000
164,050	164,050
400	400
824,450	3,248,888
(103,630)	139,926
	725
+	725
(103,630)	140,651
166,976	3,027,824
\$ 63,346	\$ 3,168,475

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	10.12	64 mbulance Sinking Fund	89 Historical ommission Fund	1	91 Available School Fund	ļ	92 Permanent School Fund	Т	Total Private Purpose rust Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,263	\$ 7,696	\$	1,660	\$	160,492	\$	171,111
Total Assets	\$	1,263	\$ 7,696	\$	1,660	\$	160,492	\$	171,111
NET POSITION									
Restricted for Other Purposes		1,263	7,696		1,660		160,492		171,111
Total Net Position	\$	1,263	\$ 7,696	\$	1,660	\$	160,492	\$	171,11

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Si	64 bulance nking Fund		89 Historical ommission Fund		91 Available School Fund	I	92 Permanent School Fund		Total Private Purpose rust Funds
ADDITIONS:										
Investment Earnings Other Revenue	S	3	\$	58 1,255	\$	1,377	\$		\$	1,438 1,255
Total Additions		3		1,313		1,377		2	_	2,693
DEDUCTIONS:										
Other Operating Costs		4		70				e e		70
Supplies	-	8		13				5	_	13
Total Deductions	_			83	÷.		_			83
Change in Net Position		3		1,230		1,377				2,610
Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)	_	1,260		6,466	1	283		160,492	_	168,501
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$	1,263	s	7,696	\$	1,660	s	160,492	\$	171,111

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		47 State		96 MS		99 Officials'		Total
	Fe	e & Fine	Memo	orials &		Fee		Custodial
		Fund	Don	ations		Accounts	_	Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	55,321	\$	941	\$	2,205,683	\$	2,261,945
Investments - Current						7,555		7,555
Other Receivables		780						780
Total Assets		56,101		941	1	2,213,238	9	2,270,280
LIABILITIES								
Due to Other Governments		48,866		7	6			48,866
Total Liabilities		48,866	-		1		_	48,866
NET POSITION								
Restricted for Other Purposes		7,235		941		2,213,238		2,221,414
Total Net Position	\$	7,235	\$	941	\$	2,213,238	\$	2,221,414

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ADDITIONS, DEDUCTIONS AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Data	1	47 State		96 EMS		99 cials'		Total
Control Codes	Fe	e & Fine Fund		morials & onations		ee ounts	Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS:		1.00					-	
Charges for Services Other Revenue	S	255,492	\$	1	\$ 49,9		\$ 49	255,492 9,977,953
Total Additions		255,492		-	49,9	977,953	50),233,445
DEDUCTIONS:		10.00			1.11		1	
Other Operating Costs		257,336		1,662	48,7	702,695	48	8,961,693
Total Deductions	_	257,336	_	1,662	48,7	702,695	48	3,961,693
Change in Net Position		(1,844)		(1,662)	1,2	275,258	1	,271,752
Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)	-	9,079	_	2,603	9	937,980	_	949,662
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$	7,235	\$	941	\$ 2,2	213,238	\$ 2	2,221,414



NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Judge and Commissioners County of Bandera, Texas Bandera, TX 78003

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bandera County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-001 and 2022-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

TEL: 830 997 3348EMAIL: info@nb-cpa.comP.O. Box 874 · 512 S Adams Street, Fredericksburg, TX 78624MEMBER AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & TEXAS SOCIETY OF CPAS

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bandera County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Bandera County's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Bandera County, Texas' response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Bandera County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Bandera, Texas, in a separate letter dated March 10, 2023.

Sincerely,

Neffendorf + Blocker, P.C.

NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C. Fredericksburg, Texas

March 10, 2023



NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Judge and Commissioners County of Bandera, Texas Bandera, TX 78003

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bandera County, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Bandera County, Texas' major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. Bandera County, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Bandera County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Bandera County, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Bandera County, Texas' compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Bandera County, Texas' federal programs.

TEL: 830 997 3348EMAIL: info@nb-cpa.comP.O. Box 874 · 512 S Adams Street, Fredericksburg, TX 78624MEMBER AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & TEXAS SOCIETY OF CPAS

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Bandera County, Texas' compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Bandera County, Texas' compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- · Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Bandera County, Texas' compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Bandera County, Texas' internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bandera County, Texas' internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-003. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Bandera County, Texas' response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Bandera County, Texas' response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Affendorf + Blocker, P.C. NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C. Fredericksburg, Texas

March 10, 2023

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

I. Summary of the Auditor's Results:

I.	Financial Statements	
	Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
	Internal control over financial reporting	
	Material Weakness(es) identified Significant deficiencies identified that are not	X Yes No
	considered to be material weakness	YesXNo
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
п.	. Federal and State Awards	
	Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
	Internal control over financial reporting	
Material Weakness(es) identified Significant deficiencies identified that are not		Yes X No
	considered to be material weakness	Yes XNo
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) of Uniform Guidance?	YesXNo
	Identification of major federal program:	
		Federal Program or
	21.027 Coronavirus Stal Recovery Fund	te and Local Fiscal
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B federal programs:	\$ <u>750,000</u>
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes X_No

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards. 2022-001

Condition:	Accounting records for capital outlay items, capital asset additions and retirements, and related depreciation are incomplete. Multiple instances noted of failure to identify capital outlay or asset		
	transactions, along with failure to properly record asset sales and trade ins.		
Criteria:	Procedures should be in place to ensure capitalization policies are uniformly applied.		
Cause of Condition:	The County's capitalization policy was not uniformly implemented.		
Potential Effect of	Net effect is an understatement of assets in the		
Condition:	financial statements.		
Recommendation:	Implement capitalization procedures to ensure asset records are complete.		

2022-002

Condition:Year-end closing procedures are not in place.Criteria:Year-end closing procedures should be in place to
ensure the trial balance is complete and all
accruals have been made.Cause of Condition:Management failed to accurately post all year end
accrual adjustments.Potential Effect of
Condition:Financial statements were incomplete.Condition:Design and implement closing policies and
controls to ensure the trial balance is complete.

Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

2022-003

ш.

Condition:

Criteria:

Cause of Condition:

Potential Effect of Condition: Questioned Costs: Recommendation: The County approved a subrecipient's use of Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds for a debt service payment.

Department of Treasury 31 CFR Part 35 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. The final rule provided that debt service is not an eligible use of funds.

Management failed to monitor subrecipient compliance with Federal Regulations.

The County could be liable to return the funds.

\$14,039

The County should review the allowable costs for federal programs for compliance and monitor subrecipient use of funds for federal compliance.

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS/CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Statement of Corrective Action- Current Year Disclosures

Finding 2022-001

Finding Summary: Neffendorf & Blocker, P.C. prepared our draft financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements. They found that the County's capitalization policy was not uniformly implemented resulting is less assets being stated in our financial statements which could result in an understatement of assets in the financial statements.

Responsible Individuals: Darryl Sadler, Bandera County Auditor

Corrective Action Plan: Capturing Capital Assets that should be depreciated and added to our financial statements is assigned to the Auditor Office. Our new procedures have already been implemented to ensure all invoices for capital items are immediately copied and given to the employee in charge of capital assets. As invoices come in, the employee will input them into the capital asset software and only hold those where extra receipts are expected to complete a single purchase (such as vehicles and all items to be installed). Around November 1st, the employee will run reports for all department capital asset budget account lines, any budget lines used for grant expenditures, and any other budget lines where a capital asset potentially could have been purchased from. The employee will input any missing assets and verify with the budgeted capital outlay tab in the previous budget to ensure all assets have been correctly input.

Anticipated Completion Date: Already implemented

Finding 2022-002

Finding Summary: Year-end closing procedures are not in place which have the potential effect of financial statements being incomplete.

Responsible Individuals: Darryl Sadler, Bandera County Auditor

Corrective Action Plan: Spreadsheets that will close out the year are being created for the new fiscal year that will allow the Auditor Office to do all year-end entries to ensure trial balance is complete and all year-end accruals have been made.

Anticipated Completion Date: 04/20/2023

Finding 2022-003

Finding Summary: County approved COVID State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds for a debt service payment. Federal regulations do not allow funds to be used for debt service and the county could be liable to return the funds.

Responsible Individuals: Darryl Sadler, Bandera County Auditor

Corrective Action Plan: Subrecipient has been contacted and a request for qualified expenses is being made. If subrecipient does not have enough qualified expenses, per signed county agreement with subrecipient, any non-qualified funds will be returned to county.

Anticipated Completion Date: 04/13/2023

Statement of Corrective Action- Prior Year Disclosures

None

EXHIBITK-1

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,2022

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Direct Programs			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total Direct Programs	21.027		<u>\$ 1,115,381</u> 1,115,381
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			1,115,381
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Texas Health & Human Services Commission			
Public Health Emergency Preparedness Total Passed Through the Texas Health & Human Servic	93.069 ce Commissi	HHS000145600001	3,319
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVIO	CES		3,319
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Passed Through the Texas Office of the Governor			
DJ-Edward Bryne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Total Passed Through the Texas Office of the Governor	16.738	4227301	5,082
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			5,082
U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION Passed Through the Texas Secretary of State			
HAVA Election Security Grant	90.404	TX18101001-01-0	104,771
Total Passed Through the Texas Secretary of State			104,771
TOTAL U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION			104,771
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Passed Through the Texas Office of the Governor			
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	4305301	22,805
Total Passed Through the Texas Office of the Governor			22,805
TOTAL U.S DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			22,805
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	7219020	10,500
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agricult			10,500
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & URBAN DEVELOPME	NT.		10,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,261,858

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the schedule") includes the federal award activity of Bandera County, Texas under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2022. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Federal and State financial assistance was accounted for in the Governmental Fund types.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund Types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All federal expenditures were accounted for in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds, components of the Governmental Fund type. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement.

Federal grants are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

The period of availability for federal grant funs for the purpose of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in the Uniform Guidance.

Indirect Cost Rate

Bandera County, Texas has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C.

March 10, 2023

Honorable Judge and Commissioners County of Bandera, Texas Bandera, TX 78003

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bandera County, Texas for the year ended September 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated October 18, 2022. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Bandera County, Texas are described in Note I to the financial statements. GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases* was adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2022. We noted no transactions entered into by Bandera County during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no significant accounting estimates.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

TEL: 830 997 3348 EMAIL: info@nb-cpa.com P.O. Box 874 · 512 S Adams Street, Fredericksburg, TX 78624 MEMBER AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & TEXAS SOCIETY OF CPAS

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated March 10, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the County's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the County's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management Discussion and Analysis; Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund; Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Road and Bridge Fund; the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of Employer Contributions, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds; Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds; Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – All Agency Funds; Combining Statement of Net Position – Private Purpose Trust Funds; and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Private Purpose Trust Funds and the Schedule of Federal Awards, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Commissioner's Court and management of Bandera County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Other Comments and Recommendations

Tax Commissions

The County records property tax receipts net of the tax commissions paid to the Tax Assessor-Collector for collection fees. We recommend that the County recorded the property tax receipts in total as revenue and record the commissions paid to the Tax Assessor-Collector as an expenditure.

Tax Assessor-Collector- Accounting for Cash

The Tax-Assessor Collector does not perform an accounting for cash of balances in the Tax Assessor-Collector bank accounts. We recommend the Tax Assessor-Collector perform an accounting for cash monthly for the balances in the accounts at month end. Per discussion with the tax assessor-collector, the accounting for cash will be completed in the current fiscal year.

Bank Reconciliations

Differences were noted on the Tax Assessor-Collector bank reconciliations from the book balance to the reconciled balance. We recommend the Tax Assessor-Collector reconcile these differences.

Property Tax Reconciliation

During our audit procedures for the tax collections, we noted there is no reconciliation being performed to reconcile the tax collections reports to the software reports. We recommend that the totals per the tax collection reports be reconciled to the amount on the software reports on a monthly and annual basis. Per discussion with the tax assessorcollector, the reconciliations will be done in the current fiscal year.

Prior Year Recommendations

OCA Reports- Justice of the Peace

We noted differences between the monthly reports submitted to the Auditor's Office and the monthly reports filed with the OCA (Office of Court Administration). We recommend that the monthly reports be reconciled to the OCA reports.

Bank Reconciling Items

We noted the following old outstanding checks for the following accounts: District Clerk Registry Fund- \$615 Sheriff's Old Commissary Account- \$1,176.26 Sheriff's Commissary Account- \$317.56 Sheriff Department Fund- \$8,150 Tax Assessor Collector Tax Bank Account: Outstanding Deposits- \$320.30 Outstanding Checks- \$22,779.78 Tax Assessor Collector MV Division Account: Outstanding Deposits- \$294.90 Outstanding Wires- \$25,313.54 Outstanding Checks- \$1,438.94

We recommend that the old outstanding checks be researched for proper disposition.

We appreciate the cooperation of the County Auditor's offices and the various officials and employees of the County.

Sincerely,

neffender of Blocker, P.C.

NEFFENDORF & BLOCKER, P.C. Fredericksburg, Texas

March 10, 2023