

*FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT*

**COUNTY OF BANDERA,
TEXAS**

Bandera, Texas

**For the Year Ended
September 30, 2018**

COUNTY OF BANDERA, TEXAS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

COUNTY OF BANDERA, TEXAS
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Judge and County Commissioners
County of Bandera
Bandera, TX 78003

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bandera County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bandera County, Texas, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2018, the County adopted new accounting principles prescribed by GASB #75 for its other post-employment benefits (OPEB), the Texas County & District Retirement System Group Term Life (GTL) Program. Because GASB #75 implements new measurement criteria and reporting provisions, significant information has been added to the Government Wide Statements. Exhibit A-1 discloses the County's OPEB liability and some deferred resource outflows and deferred resource inflows related to the County's OPEB. Exhibit B-1 discloses the adjustment to the County's Beginning Net Position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 through 9), budgetary comparison information (pages 42 through 44), and the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions and notes to the schedule of contributions (pages 45 through 47), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures, to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bandera County's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 15, 2019, on our consideration of Bandera County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bandera County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C.

Fredericksburg, Texas

February 15, 2019

**COUNTY OF BANDERA
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018**

Within this section of the Bandera County (County) annual financial report, the Bandera County Commissioners' Court provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018. The financial performance is discussed within the context of accompanying financial statements and disclosures, which begin on page 10.

Financial Highlights (thousands)

- The County's net position as indicated in the government-wide financial statements are \$21,899.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 1. Capital assets, net of related debt, of \$9,139 include property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.
 2. Net position of \$5,206 is restricted by debt covenants and or grantee laws or regulations and capital projects.
 3. Unrestricted net position of \$7,554 is available to meet obligations of creditors and citizens.
- The County was able to house prisoners from surrounding counties and started receiving revenue from outside counties in January 2010. The County received \$276, a decrease of 37% from 2016-2017.
- The County spent a total of \$105 in services for court appointed attorneys. \$19 was spent in County and Juvenile Court, equaling the same from 2016-2017. \$86 was spent in District Court, a decrease of 18% from 2016-2017. The County received \$27 from the State Comptroller for Indigent Defense, an increase from \$14 in 2016-2017.
- Indigent health care is an un-funded mandate from the State of Texas; the cost of that service for 2017-2018 was \$213, an increase of approximately 33% from 2016-2017. In order to fund this operation, Bandera County assessed a tax rate of .0087.
- The unreserved fund balance in the general fund as shown in the fund financial statements on page 13 is \$8,278 or 71% of general fund expenditures. This amount is 46% higher than the guidelines recommended by the Commissioner's Court and the State Comptroller's Office.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (pages 10 through 12) provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 13. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also compare actual revenue collection and expenditures to budget. Notes to the financial statement are included to provide additional financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting methods used by most private-sector entities. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements include two statements. One is the Statement of Net Position; this statement presents all of the assets and liabilities of the County as a whole, with the difference reported as net position. It answers the question as to whether the financial condition of the County is better or worse as result of the of year's activities. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall financial condition of the County, one must also consider non-financial conditions such as property tax base and condition of assets.

The other government-wide financial statement is the Statement of Activities. This statement reports how each activity is funded by showing grants and program revenues related to each activity and how much reliance is placed on general revenues. The statement relates to the Statement of Net Position in that it shows how current operations have changed net position.

Fund Financial Statements

Funds are established to account for money that is designated for specific purposes by the Commissioners' Court or grantees such as the State of Texas. The fund financial statements differ from the government-wide statements in that they focus on significant funds rather than the County as a whole. Major funds are presented separately; others are aggregated into a single statement. The fund financial statements for major funds begin on page 13. Fund data for non-major funds is included in a combining statement on page 53. The basic funds are classified by type; each type used by the County is described in the following paragraphs.

Governmental funds – Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting that measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information shows the amount of financial resources available in the near future to finance County programs.

In addition to the major government funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues and Expenditures, budgetary comparison statements are included for the general fund and major special revenue fund. Comparison data is also included for all other special revenue funds and the debt service fund. These schedules compare actual revenue and expenditures with adopted and amended budgets.

Notes to the financial statements – The notes presented immediately following the basic financial statements to provide additional information to facilitate the understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes explain accounting policies and disclose additional information concerning fixed assets, long-term liabilities, and the County retirement plan.

The County as a Whole

Our analysis of the County as a whole focuses on net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2). The Statement of Activities reports annual expenditures by major function along with the charges for services and grant proceeds available to support each function. This presentation shows the cost of services that must be offset by general revenue such as property and sales taxes.

The Summary of Net Position (Table 1) lists assets in the order of liquidity beginning with cash and ending in fixed assets. Receivables include unpaid property taxes and unpaid court cost and fines assessed by the courts. Each receivable is reported net of a reserve for uncollectable accounts. Historical collection data for property taxes shows an average annual collection rate of 98 percent. Total capital assets as reported in the Statement of Net Position is \$15,718, this amount is net of accumulated depreciation of \$16,104. With the exception of land, total countywide assets are approximately 51% depreciated. Assets such as machinery and equipment are reported at \$9,910 and are 83% depreciated. We have to conclude that many assets exist with limited useful life that must be replaced in the near future. Liabilities are all payable within one year. Net position at year-end is \$21,899. \$14,345 of net position is restricted for specific purposes as required by state law or by County policy. The \$7,554 in unrestricted net position is available for funding general operations.

The Changes in Net Position (Table 2) itemizes the basic sources of revenue and expenditures as to the services provided. Total revenue for governmental activities was \$20,140; approximately 76% is generated by general revenues. Total governmental expenditures were \$18,614, resulting in a net increase in net position of \$1,526. More detail about the increase is discussed in the Financial Analysis of the County Funds.

Revenues and expenditures for governmental activities are compared in Table 3 showing the relation between the cost of services and the revenue generated from users of the service. This table also shows how much general revenue (property and sales taxes) and grants are needed to provide each service. For the past several years, the County has relied on the steady growth of property values and rate increases to meet the demand for services.

Table 1
Net Position (in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities	
	2018	2017
Cash and Current Investments	\$ 13,681	\$ 12,377
Receivables	1,318	1,250
Capitalized Debt Issuance Costs	-	-
Capital Assets	15,717	15,973
Total Assets	<u>\$ 30,716</u>	<u>\$ 29,600</u>
Deferred Outflow	1,189	2,467
Accounts Payable	577	542
Other Liabilities and Deferred Revenue	28	30
Net Pension Liability	1,023	2,302
OPEB Liability	418	-
Short-term Debt (Due Within One Year)	605	590
Long-term Debt	6,578	7,223
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 9,229</u>	<u>\$ 10,687</u>
Deferred Inflow	777	613
Net Position:		
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	9,139	8,753
Restricted	5,206	4,006
Unrestricted	7,554	8,008
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 21,899</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 20,767</u></u>

Table 2
Changes in Net Position (in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Revenues:		
Program Revenues		
Charges For Services	\$ 3,850	\$ 3,805
Operating Grants & Contributions	748	620
Capital Grants & Contributions	284	134
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	13,569	13,174
Other Taxes	1,090	1,003
Grants & Contributions	39	18
Investment Earnings	275	142
Other General Revenues	285	252
Total Revenues:	<u>\$ 20,140</u>	<u>\$ 19,148</u>
Expenditures:		
General Government	\$ 3,185	\$ 3,009
Administration of Justice	2,967	2,906
Public Safety	3,765	3,573
Corrections	1,723	1,719
Road & Bridge	2,904	2,571
Health & Human Services	2,629	2,502
Comm & Economic Development	997	948
Infrastructure & Environmental	249	137
Interest on long-term Debt	195	221
Total Expenditures:	<u>\$ 18,614</u>	<u>\$ 17,586</u>
Change in Net Position	1,526	1,562
Beginning Net Position	20,768	19,191
Prior Period Adjustments	(395)	15
Net Position	<u>\$ 21,899</u>	<u>\$ 20,768</u>

Table 3
Governmental Activities (in Thousands)

	Expenditures	Percent of	Non-Tax Program		Grants & Contributions		General
	2018	Total Expense	Amount	Rev %	Amount	%	Revenue Amount
General Government	3,185	17%	1,005	26%	61	8%	2,119
Administration of Justice	2,967	16%	441	11%	245	33%	2,281
Public Safety	3,765	20%	393	10%	7	1%	3,365
Corrections	1,723	9%	88	2%	-	0%	1,635
Road & Bridge	2,904	16%	600	16%	73	10%	2,231
Health & Human Services	2,629	14%	1,293	34%	362	48%	974
Comm & Economic Development	997	5%	29	1%	-	0%	968
Infrastructure & Environmental	249	1%	-	0%	-	0%	249
Interest on long-term Debt	195	1%	-	0%	-	0%	195
<i>Total Charges for Services</i>	<u>18,614</u>		<u>3,849</u>		<u>748</u>		<u>14,017</u>

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: Bandera County purchased several pieces of equipment and vehicles.

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year-End (in Thousands)

	2018	2017
Land	486	486
Buildings	16,574	16,563
Equipment	9,910	9,421
Construction in Progress	25	25
Infrastructure	4,825	4,496
Capital Leases	-	-
Total	<u>31,820</u>	<u>30,991</u>

Debt Administration: Bandera County has one type of capital debt. It includes Texas General Obligation Bonds – Series 2015 for the construction of a new Jail/Justice Center. This debt will be retired in the year 2028. The total outstanding debt at year end is \$6,315.

Financial Analysis of the County Funds (in thousands)

Governmental Funds

The governmental funds statements presented on pages 13 through 18 include the General Fund, Ambulance, Road and Bridge Fund, Jail/Justice Center Fund, and all other governmental funds combined. These statements focus on short-term transactions and the impact they have on financial resources for future financial requirements. The total of fund balances at year-end for all governmental funds are \$13,484, an increase of \$1,303 from the prior year.

The General Fund is the primary day-to-day operating fund that finances services such as the courts and law enforcement. In 2017-2018, General Fund operations had a fund balance of \$8,278 and are 71% of total expenditures; this percentage satisfies the 25% recommendation by the State Comptroller and the County's policy to have a minimum operating reserve of 25%.

The Road and Bridge Fund is reported as a single major governmental fund because it represents a material percentage of the total revenue and expenditures of all governmental funds. The Road and Bridge Fund resulted in a \$353 increase in fund balance. The ending fund balance of \$2,383 is 93% of total expenditures; this percentage satisfies the recommended reserve.

The Ambulance Fund is also reported as a single major governmental fund because it represents a material percentage of the total revenue and expenditures of all governmental funds. The Ambulance Fund resulted in a \$572 increase in fund balance. The ending fund balance of \$1,096 is 62% of total expenditures; this percentage satisfies the recommended reserve.

All other governmental funds are combined to form the non-major governmental fund category; the funds included in this combination are itemized in the combining statements on pages 53 through 64 of the report. Combined fund balances increased by \$208 to \$1,541 at 76% of total expenditures; this percentage satisfies the recommended reserve.

Budgetary Highlights

Budgetary statements of revenues and expenditures for the General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund are on pages 42 and 43. The statements report the original and final budget with actual amounts for each category. The variance is the difference between the actual and the final budget. The original budget was adopted by the County's Commissioners Court prior to the beginning of the fiscal year and amendments to the budget are approved by the court throughout the fiscal year. The plan for the General Fund budget was to spend \$1,483 of reserves; however, actual expenditures were under budgeted by \$1,008 and actual revenues were \$572 more than budget, so the County was able to end the year with \$103 more in reserves.

The final Ambulance budget anticipated expenditures to exceed revenues by \$99. Actual revenues were more than budgeted by \$293; actual expenditures were less than budget by \$378, so the County was able to add \$572 to Ambulance reserves.

The final Road and Bridge budget anticipated expenditures to exceed revenues by \$487. Actual revenues were more than budgeted by \$384; actual expenditures were less than budget by \$454, so the County was able to add \$353 to Road and Bridge reserves.

Budget for 2018-2019

For the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the County is able to function on the 2017-2018 adopted property tax rate of .6769 per hundred dollars of taxable value. The County distributed the Ad Valorem tax rate differently internally in order to operate using the same tax rate as the previous year.

The total budget for capital expenditures and capital improvements is \$1,975, an increase of \$1,171 from 2017-2018. The County has maintained equipment and vehicles in a manner that does not require new vehicle acquisitions as often as prior years. It is encouraged by Commissioners Court to apply for grants for capital equipment.

Future Financial Issues

Bandera County has grown significantly in the last several years. Bandera County Commissioners Court will continue to anticipate growth and remain fiscally conservative in order to maintain a healthy fund balance.

As in previous years, the maintenance of county roads is and will be one of the most critical challenges. Until the State of Texas allows counties to participate in fuel tax revenues there is no hope for small rural counties to maintain and improve a failing road system. Ad Valorem property taxes will not provide adequate revenue to allow county government to function effectively.

The State of Texas continues to mandate that counties provide services with no financial support. If this trend continues, counties either raise taxes to support the unfunded mandates or discontinue service that they might otherwise provide.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of Bandera County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Office of Bandera County Auditor or the Commissioners Court of Bandera County.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

EXHIBIT A-1

	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Investments	\$ 13,681,060
Accounts Receivable (Net)	1,317,645
Capital Assets:	
Land	486,080
Infrastructure, Net	1,834,087
Buildings, Net	11,673,911
Furniture and Equipment, Net	1,698,511
Construction in Progress	25,000
Total Assets	30,716,294
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Charge for Refunding	263,526
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan	884,309
Deferred Resource Outflow Related to OPEB	40,908
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,188,743
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	187,911
Wages and Salaries Payable	389,450
Accrued Interest Payable	27,900
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Debt Due Within One Year	605,000
Due in More Than One Year	6,577,797
Net Pension Liability	1,022,580
OPEB Liability	418,289
Total Liabilities	9,228,927
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan	760,316
Deferred Resource Inflow Related to OPEB	16,680
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	776,996
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,138,798
Restricted for:	
Restricted for Road & Bridge	2,382,773
Restricted for Amulance Services	1,096,058
Restricted for Debt Service	185,766
Restricted for Other Special Revenue Funds	1,541,447
Unrestricted Net Position	7,554,272
Total Net Position	\$ 21,899,114

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Expenses	Program Revenues	
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:			
General Administration	\$ 3,184,690	\$ 1,005,138	\$ 60,878
Law Enforcement	3,764,560	393,459	7,061
Corrections	1,722,978	88,100	-
Road and Bridge	2,904,351	600,026	72,533
Sanitation	290,883	293,668	-
Health & Human Services	2,337,337	999,741	361,652
Administration of Justice	2,966,884	440,502	245,744
Parks	226,637	29,367	-
Community & Economic Development	770,618	-	-
Infrastructure & Environmental	248,600	-	-
Interest on Debt	194,748	-	-
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	<u>\$ 18,612,286</u>	<u>\$ 3,850,001</u>	<u>\$ 747,868</u>

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes

Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service

General Sales and Use Taxes

Other Taxes

Grants and Contributions

Miscellaneous Revenue

Investment Earnings

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position-- Beginning

Prior Period Adjustment

Net Position--Ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental
\$ -	\$ (2,118,674)
12,500	(3,351,540)
-	(1,634,878)
-	(2,231,792)
-	2,785
254,853	(721,091)
16,656	(2,263,982)
-	(197,270)
-	(770,618)
-	(248,600)
-	(194,748)
<u>\$ 284,009</u>	<u>(13,730,408)</u>

12,676,935
892,695
673,666
416,071
38,513
284,724
274,628
<u>15,257,232</u>
1,526,824
20,767,701
(395,411)
<u>\$ 21,899,114</u>

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Ambulance Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Investments	\$ 8,531,114	\$ 2,424,578	\$ 965,611
Taxes Receivable	719,957	161,326	25,799
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)	(253,759)	(73,838)	(9,093)
Accounts Receivable (Net)	117,523	29,436	178,916
Total Assets	<u>\$ 9,114,835</u>	<u>\$ 2,541,502</u>	<u>\$ 1,161,233</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 115,529	\$ 33,896	\$ 8,309
Wages and Salaries Payable	283,219	43,554	41,169
Total Liabilities	<u>398,748</u>	<u>77,450</u>	<u>49,478</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	438,044	81,279	15,697
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>438,044</u>	<u>81,279</u>	<u>15,697</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for Road & Bridge	-	2,382,773	-
Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	-	-
Other Restricted Fund Balance	-	-	-
Self Insurance	-	-	1,096,058
Other Committed Fund Balance	-	-	-
Unassigned Fund Balance	8,278,043	-	-
Total Fund Balances	<u>8,278,043</u>	<u>2,382,773</u>	<u>1,096,058</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 9,114,835</u>	<u>\$ 2,541,502</u>	<u>\$ 1,161,233</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Debt Service Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 182,466	\$ 1,577,291	\$ 13,681,060
60,239	33,827	1,001,148
(23,949)	(11,922)	(372,561)
766	14,518	341,159
<u>\$ 219,522</u>	<u>\$ 1,613,714</u>	<u>\$ 14,650,806</u>
\$ -	\$ 30,177	\$ 187,911
-	21,508	389,450
-	51,685	577,361
33,756	20,582	589,358
<u>33,756</u>	<u>20,582</u>	<u>589,358</u>
-	-	2,382,773
185,766	-	185,766
-	984,193	984,193
-	-	1,096,058
-	557,254	557,254
-	-	8,278,043
<u>185,766</u>	<u>1,541,447</u>	<u>13,484,087</u>
<u>\$ 219,522</u>	<u>\$ 1,613,714</u>	<u>\$ 14,650,806</u>

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE
 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	13,484,087
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.		8,756,908
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2018 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.		1,641,052
The fiscal year required that the County report their net pension liability with the TCDRS in the Government Wide Statement of Net Position. The items reported as a result of the GASB 68 implementation included a net pension liability of \$1,022,580, a Deferred Resource Inflow of \$760,316, and a Deferred Resource Outflow of \$884,309.		(898,587)
The 2018 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(1,305,976)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.		615,691
The County implemented GASB 75 reporting requirements for the OPEB benefit plan through TCDRS. Since this is the first year of implementation, a prior period adjustment had to be made in the amount of (\$395,411). The implementation resulted in an OPEB liability of \$418,289, a deferred resource inflow of \$16,680, and a deferred resource outflow of \$40,908. This resulted in a difference between the ending fund balance and the ending net position of (\$394,061).		(394,061)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	21,899,114

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Ambulance Fund
REVENUES:			
Taxes:			
Property Taxes	\$ 8,992,138	\$ 2,181,095	\$ 996,463
General Sales and Use Taxes	673,666	-	-
Other Taxes	28,809	-	-
Licenses and Permits	78,139	588,557	-
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	154,680	72,533	375,377
Charges for Services	1,297,264	880	939,654
Fines	246,625	-	-
Forfeits	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	173,651	48,833	16,835
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	1,000	-	-
Other Revenue	79,336	524	1,182
Total Revenues	<u>11,725,308</u>	<u>2,892,422</u>	<u>2,329,511</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Administration	2,494,460	-	-
Law Enforcement	3,749,430	-	-
Corrections	1,694,002	-	-
Road and Bridge	275,612	2,556,745	-
Sanitation	-	-	-
Health & Human Services	511,479	-	1,757,444
Administration of Justice	2,481,615	-	-
Parks	-	-	-
Community & Economic Development	427,164	-	-
Infrastructure & Environmental	-	-	-
Debt Service:			
Principal on Debt	-	-	-
Interest on Debt	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	<u>11,633,762</u>	<u>2,556,745</u>	<u>1,757,444</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>91,546</u>	<u>335,677</u>	<u>572,067</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Insurance Proceeds	11,849	17,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>11,849</u>	<u>17,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	103,395	352,677	572,067
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	8,174,648	2,030,096	523,991
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 8,278,043</u>	<u>\$ 2,382,773</u>	<u>\$ 1,096,058</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Debt Service Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 891,838	\$ 507,111	\$ 13,568,645
-	-	673,666
-	387,262	416,071
-	-	666,696
-	465,709	1,068,299
-	698,882	2,936,680
-	-	246,625
-	142,315	142,315
9,134	26,175	274,628
-	1,091	2,091
-	1,261	82,303
<u>900,972</u>	<u>2,229,806</u>	<u>20,078,019</u>
-	221,060	2,715,520
-	29,818	3,779,248
-	-	1,694,002
-	-	2,832,357
-	289,289	289,289
-	217,815	2,486,738
-	437,407	2,919,022
-	256,188	256,188
-	321,604	748,768
-	248,600	248,600
590,000	-	590,000
244,000	-	244,000
<u>834,000</u>	<u>2,021,781</u>	<u>18,803,732</u>
<u>66,972</u>	<u>208,025</u>	<u>1,274,287</u>
-	-	28,849
-	-	28,849
66,972	208,025	1,303,136
118,794	1,333,422	12,180,951
<u>\$ 185,766</u>	<u>\$ 1,541,447</u>	<u>\$ 13,484,087</u>

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,303,136
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2018 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase the change in net position.		1,641,052
The entries required by GASB 68 did require that some expenses on B-1 be adjusted. Total credits to expenses were \$1,309,058 and total debits to expenses were \$1,469,845. The net effect on the change in net position on Exhibit B-1 is a decrease of \$160,787.		(160,787)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.		(1,305,976)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase the change in net position.		48,049
The implementation of GASB 75 to report the TCDRS OPEB plan resulted in a prior period adjustment in the amount of (\$395,411). The changes in the ending net position as a result of reporting the OPEB items was an increase in net position in the amount of \$1,350.		1,350
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	1,526,824

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

EXHIBIT E-1

	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Investments	\$ 170,551	\$ 2,815,774
Investments - Current	-	49,970
Accounts Receivable (Net)	-	825
Total Assets	<u>170,551</u>	<u>\$ 2,866,569</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	-	\$ 66,762
Intergovernmental Payable	-	2,708,107
Due to Others	-	91,700
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 2,866,569</u>
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted Net Position	<u>170,551</u>	
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 170,551</u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Charges for Services	\$ 575
Investment Earnings	2,916
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	2,368
Total Additions	<u>5,859</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Purchased Property Services	1,524
Other Operating Costs	2,076
Supplies	1,345
Total Deductions	<u>4,946</u>
Change in Net Position	913
Total Net Position -October 1 (Beginning)	<u>169,638</u>
Total Net Position September 30 (Ending)	<u><u>\$ 170,551</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF BANDERA, TEXAS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County of Bandera have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below:

1. A. REPORTING ENTITY

The County is an independent unit and is managed by a governing body of elected officials. The accompanying financial statements present the County's primary government.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based on the foregoing criteria, there were no component units identified that would require inclusion in this report. Also, the County is not included as a part of any other reporting entity.

1. B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria.

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditure/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund, the primary operating fund of the County, is always classified as a major fund. It is the basic fund of the County and covers all activities for which a separate fund has not been established.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt of the County other than debt service payments made by enterprise funds. Ad valorem taxes and interest earnings are used for the payment of principal and interest on the County's debt.

Capital Projects Fund - To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds

Agency funds account for assets held by the County in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes three agency funds. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

Private Purpose Trust Funds report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The reporting entity includes five private purpose trust funds.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major or nonmajor. The major funds are as follows:

Major Fund	Brief Description
General	See above for description.
Special Revenue Fund: Road and Bridge	Accounts for all road and bridge construction and maintenance activity.
Special Revenue Fund: Ambulance	Accounts for all EMS operations and activities.
Debt Service Fund: Jail/Justice Center I&S Fund	Accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Nonmajor funds consist of special revenue funds and are detailed in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements - Nonmajor Funds.

1. C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. Agency and Permanent Trust Funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expense, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statement, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectable within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Also under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

1. D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

Cash and Cash Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "Cash and Cash Investments" includes demand deposit accounts and government investment pools. All amounts are considered available upon demand and are considered to be "cash equivalents."

Several funds may be invested in an investment account and each fund has an equity interest therein. Interest earned on the Investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at month end.

Receivables and Payables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances of uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. The major receivable balances for the governmental activities relate to property taxes and court fines and fees.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectable. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 60 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectable.

Ad valorem property taxes attach as enforceable liens as of January 1. Taxes are levied prior to September 30, payable on October 1, and are delinquent on February 1. The majority of the County's property tax collections occur during December and early January each year. To the extent that County property tax revenue results in current receivables as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), they are recognized when levied.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Infrastructure assets include County owned roads, bridges, signs, and improvements to land. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets and infrastructure is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50
Vehicles	3 - 10
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 15
Infrastructure	5 - 50

Compensated Absences

Full time employees who work 30 hours per week average may be granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the County. Accumulated vacation time may be taken in pay upon termination or retirement up to a maximum of twenty (20) days. Non-exempt full time employees who work over 40 hours per week may choose to accrue comp time in lieu of overtime payments. Accumulated comp time may be taken in pay upon termination or retirement up to a maximum of thirty (30) days. Sick leave accrues to full time employees to specified maximums; however neither the vacation or comp time accrual policy applies to accumulated sick leave. The liability for accrued compensated absences is not accrued in governmental funds using the modified accrual basis of accounting, but is reflected in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year end September 30, 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Non-spendable fund balance – amounts that are in non-spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the County itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. County Commissioners). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

- Assigned fund balance – amounts the County intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the County Commissioners or by an official or body to which the County Commissioners delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

Beginning fund balances for the County's governmental funds have been restated to reflect the above classifications.

The County Commissioners establish (and modify or rescind) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the County Commissioners through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or other purposes).

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net Position - Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net Position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCERS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCERS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

GASB 75 requires recognition of the Total OPEB Liability (TOL), deferred (inflows)/outflows of resources, and total OPEB expense on the face of the employer's financial statements. The TOL is calculated by the System's actuary in accordance with the provisions of GASB 75. The OPEB expense and deferred (inflows)/outflows of resources related to OPEB, which are required to be reported by an employer, primarily result from changes in the components of the TOL. Most changes in the TOL will be included in the OPEB expense in the period of the change. The County participates in the Texas County & District Retirement System Group-Term Life program.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

The County has implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. Under GASB 63 and 65, amounts previously reported as deferred charges as a part of total assets have been reported in a separate section as deferred inflows of resources.

The implementation resulted in the reporting of \$589,358 (deferred ad valorem tax revenue which is expected to be collected in future years) as a deferred inflow of resources in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.

1. E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND EXPENSES

Property Taxes

The County contracted with the County of Bandera Appraisal District for the appraisal of taxes. Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1, of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1, of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. For the 2017 tax roll, the total assessed valuation was \$2,101,487,245 and the taxes assessed amounted to \$13,691,758. The total tax rate was \$0.6769 per \$100 valuation and allocated \$0.5238 for Maintenance and Operations, \$0.1086 to the Road and Bridge Fund and \$0.0445 to the Debt Service Fund. The maximum tax levy allowed by State law for the above purposes is \$0.80 per \$100 valuation.

In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Due to the immaterial amount of additional property taxes receivable after the 60-day period, no additional accrual is made in the government-wide financial statements.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - by Character:	Current (further classified by function)
	Debt Service
	Capital Outlay

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets, as required by state statute, are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General and Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The County Judge and staff prepare the proposed budget, using revenue estimates furnished by the County Auditor and submit the data to Commissioners Court. A public hearing is held on the budget by Commissioners Court. Before determining the final budget, Commissioners Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. In the final budget, which is usually adopted in September, expenditures for current operating funds cannot exceed the estimated available cash balances in such funds on October 1, plus the estimate of revenues for the ensuing year.

For each budgeted fund, budgetary control is maintained at the expenditure line item level. This is the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriated amounts. The County Auditor is required to monitor the expenditures of the various funds. Any expenditures in excess of the total budgeted amount of a fund must be approved by the Commissioners' Court and the budget appropriately amended. It is the amended budget that is presented in the budget versus actual financial statement disclosure.

Encumbrance accounting, under which funds are reserved for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments, is not utilized by County of Bandera.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

3. A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the **Depository Contract Law**. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$297,573 and the bank balance was \$627,691. The County's cash deposits held at Texas Hill Country Bank at September 30, 2018 and during the year ended September 30, 2018 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Temporary investments consisted of certificates of deposits and government pool investments as follows:

Name	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Maturity Date	FDIC Coverage	Pledged Securities
<u>Bandera Bank -</u>					
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 207,129	\$ 207,129	6/8/2019	\$ 207,129	\$ -
<u>Texas Hill Country Bank-</u>					
Certificate of Deposit	201,806	201,806	9/26/2019	201,806	-
<u>Hondo National Bank-</u>					
Certificate of Deposit	209,127	209,127	4/6/2019	209,127	-
<u>Liquid Asset Portfolio -</u>					
Logic	13,002,365	13,002,365	N/A	*	*
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 13,620,427	\$ 13,620,427			

*The County invests in Logic (a Local Government Investment Pool) to provide its primary liquidity needs. Logic is established in conformity with the Inter-local Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. Logic is a 2(a)7 like fund, meaning that it is structured similar to a money market mutual fund. Such funds allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are adjusted daily and the fund seeks to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1.00, although this cannot be guaranteed. Logic is rated AAA and must maintain a weighted average maturity not to exceed 60 days. At September 30, 2018, Logic had a weighted average maturity of 40 days. The County considers the holdings in these funds to have a one-day weighted average maturity. This is due to the fact that the share position can usually be redeemed each day at the discretion of the shareholder, short of a significant change in value.

In compliance with the **Public Funds Investment Act**, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's policy regarding types of deposits allowed and collateral requirements is to deposit funds in FDIC insurance banks which have sufficient pledged collateral if needed. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end and during the year ended September 30, 2018, was covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Thus positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Other Credit Risk: There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To minimize credit risk, Logic Investment Pool invests only in investments authorized under the Public Funds Investment Act. Logic's portfolio has low market (credit) risk due to restrictions on weighted average maturity and maximum maturity of any one investment. At September 30, 2018, the County was not exposed to concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

3. B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund	Road & Bridge Fund	Ambulance Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	TOTAL
Receivables:						
Property Taxes	\$ 719,957	\$ 161,326	\$ 25,799	\$ 60,239	\$ 33,827	\$ 1,001,148
Other Receivables	<u>117,523</u>	<u>29,436</u>	<u>178,916</u>	<u>766</u>	<u>14,518</u>	<u>341,159</u>
Gross Receivables	\$ 837,480	\$ 190,762	\$ 204,715	\$ 61,005	\$ 48,345	\$ 1,342,307
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	<u>253,759</u>	<u>73,838</u>	<u>9,093</u>	<u>23,949</u>	<u>11,922</u>	<u>372,561</u>
Net Total Receivables	<u>\$ 583,721</u>	<u>\$ 116,924</u>	<u>\$ 195,622</u>	<u>\$ 37,056</u>	<u>\$ 36,423</u>	<u>\$ 969,746</u>

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, *unavailable revenues* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

General Fund -	
Unavailable Revenue -	\$ 438,044
Road and Bridge Fund -	
Unavailable Revenue -	81,279
Ambulance Fund -	
Unavailable Revenue -	15,697
Debt Service Fund -	
Unavailable Revenue -	33,756
Other Governmental Funds	
Unavailable Revenue -	<u>20,582</u>
	<u>\$ 589,358</u>

3. C. COURT FINES, FEES AND EMS BILLINGS RECEIVABLE

In accordance with GASB Statement Number 34, the County has determined the amount of court fines, fees and EMS billings receivable to be \$1,863,248 which represents amounts owed and outstanding for the last 5 years. Based on historical collection rates for the various courts and the EMS Department, the County has booked an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$1,515,349, resulting in a net receivable of \$347,899.

3. D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Balance 10/1/2017	Increase	Decrease	Balance 9/30/2018
<i>Governmental Activities:</i>				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 486,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 486,080
Construction in Progress	-	-	-	-
Works in Progress	25,000	-	-	25,000
Total Assets Not Being Depreciated	511,080	-	-	511,080
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	16,562,665	11,794	-	16,574,459
Equipment and Machinery	9,421,422	709,739	(220,740)	9,910,421
Infrastructure	4,495,883	329,519	-	4,825,402
Total Assets Being Depreciated	30,479,970	1,051,052	(220,740)	31,310,282
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(4,439,545)	(461,003)	-	(4,900,548)
Equipment and Machinery	(7,896,826)	(535,824)	220,740	(8,211,910)
Infrastructure	(2,682,166)	(309,149)	-	(2,991,315)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(15,018,537)	(1,305,976)	220,740	(16,103,773)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	15,461,433	(254,924)	-	15,206,509
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 15,972,513	\$ (254,924)	\$ -	\$ 15,717,589

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Administration	\$ 453,134
Law Enforcement	193,215
Administration of Justice	20,079
Roads and Bridges	477,376
Community and Economic Development	20,537
Corrections	8,418
Health and Human Services	133,217
Total Depreciation Expense-	
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,305,976

3. E. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions of the County for the year ended September 30, 2018.

	Balance 10/1/2017	Issued	Retired	Balance 9/30/2018	Due Within One Year
Texas General Obligation Bonds - Series 2008	\$ 90,000	\$ -	\$ 90,000	\$ -	\$ -
Texas General Obligation Refunding Bonds- Series 2015	6,815,000	-	500,000	6,315,000	605,000
Premium on Bonds	570,146	-	73,167	496,979	-
SUBTOTAL	<u>\$ 7,475,146</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 663,167</u>	<u>\$ 6,811,979</u>	<u>\$ 605,000</u>
Net Pension Liability	2,302,169	1,033,677	2,313,266	1,022,580	-
OPEB Liability	395,411	39,784	16,906	418,289	-
Compensated Absences	337,373	63,539	30,093	370,819	-
TOTAL	<u>\$ 10,510,099</u>	<u>\$ 1,137,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,023,432</u>	<u>\$ 8,623,667</u>	<u>\$ 605,000</u>

Certificates of Obligation

The County issued Texas General Obligation Bonds - Series 2008 for \$1,875,000 at interest rates from 3% to 5% with a final maturity date of August 15, 2028. The bonds are payable from the collection of an ad valorem tax levied on all taxable property. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used for the construction and equipping of a new County Jail and Justice Center to house a county jail, sheriff's office and judicial facilities.

The County issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2015 for \$6,885,000 at interest rates from 2.0% to 4.0% with a final maturity date of August 15, 2028. The bonds are payable from the collection of an ad valorem tax levied on all taxable property. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used to finance the remaining callable obligations from the County's Series 2007 Certificates of Obligation and the Series 2008 Certificates of Obligation. The bonds were called and were redeemed by depositing \$7,489,976 into an escrow account on September 25, 2015. The financial gain on these refunding bonds was \$644,734 and the economic gain was \$568,633. The following obligations are considered to be defeased and the liability removed from the accompanying financial statements:

Description	Refunded Amount	Balance 9/30/18
Bandera County Certificates of Obligation:		
Series 2007	\$ 5,790,000	\$ -
Series 2008	1,140,000	-
TOTAL AMOUNT REFUNDED	<u>\$ 6,930,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Debt service requirements for the Texas General Obligation Bonds - Series 2007 and 2008 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending September 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Annual Requirements</u>
2019	605,000	232,000	837,000
2020	620,000	205,050	825,050
2021	640,000	186,450	826,450
2022	660,000	164,050	824,050
2023	685,000	140,950	825,950
2024-2028	3,105,000	315,300	3,420,300
TOTAL	<u>\$ 6,315,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,243,800</u>	<u>\$ 7,558,800</u>

Operating Leases

Commitments under operating (non-capitalized) lease agreements for equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of September 30, 2018, as follows:

Year Ended September 30	
2019	\$ 90,432
2020	90,216
2021	83,246
2022	44,546
2023	10,194
	<u>\$ 318,634</u>

Rental Expenditures in Fiscal Year 2018 \$ 88,113

3. F. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County is subject to various litigation and claims arising out of the normal course of operations. Although the outcome of these claims is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the government's management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements. Therefore, no provision for any liability, if any, has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

3. G. RISK MANAGEMENT

County of Bandera is exposed to various risks of loss relating to general liability, the accidental loss of real and personal property, damage to County assets, error and omissions and personnel risks which relate to workers' compensation. The County contracts in the form of interlocal agreements with the Texas Association of Counties (TAC) to provide the aforementioned types of insurance coverage through an intergovernmental risk pool. These multi-employer accounts provide for a combination of modified self-insurance and stop loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by Texas Association of Counties. Liability by the County is generally limited to the amounts calculated by the County interlocal agreements.

3. H. HEALTH INSURANCE

The County provides group health and dental insurance coverage for regular, full-time employees through Texas Association of Counties and Ameritas. The County pays for a portion of the premium for eligible employees. Employees, at their option, may authorize payroll withholdings to pay premiums for eligible family members.

3. I. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

A description of the pension plan pursuant to Paragraph 40 of GASB Statement No. 68 is as follows:

- a. Bandera County participates in the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system.
- b. A brief description of benefit terms:
 - 1) All full-and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.
 - 2) The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits.
 - 3) TCERS is a savings-based plan. For the county's plan, 7% of each employee's pay is deposited into his or her TCERS account. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest on beginning of year balances annually. At retirement, the account is matched at an employer set percentage (current match is 200%) and is then converted to an annuity.
 - 4) There are no automatic COLAs. Each year, the county may elect an ad hoc COLA for its retirees (if any). There are two COLA types, each limited by actual inflation.
 - 5) Benefit terms are established under the TCERS Act. They may be amended as of January 1 each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.
- c. Membership information is shown in the chart below.
- d. The county's contribution rate is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, although the employer may elect to contribute at a higher rate. The Bandera County contribution rate is based on the TCERS funding policy adopted by the TCERS Board of Trustees and must conform with the TCERS Act. The employee contribution rates are set by the county and are currently 7%. Contributions to the pension plan from the county for 2017 are shown in the Schedule of Employer Contributions.
- e. The most recent comprehensive annual financial report for TCERS can be found at the following link, www.tcdrs.org.

Members covered by benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	101
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	126
Active employees	<u>210</u>
	437

Contributions

A combination of three elements fund each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions and investment income.

- The deposit rate for employees is 4%, 5%, 6% or 7% of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body.
- Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.
- Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Pursuant to state law, employers participating in the system must pay 100% of their actuarially determined required contributions on an annual basis.

Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2017 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$818,635, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (1)
Amortization Method	
Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Recognition of Assumptions, Changes or Inputs	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Asset Valuation Method	
Smooth Period	5 years
Recognition Method	Non-asymptotic
Corridor	None
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.25% (made up of 2.75% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.6% per year for a career employee.
Investment Rate of Return	8.10% (Gross of administrative expenses)
Cost of Living Adjustments	Cost-of-Living Adjustments for Bandera County are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.
Retirement Age	Deferred members are assumed to retire (100% probability) at the later of: a) age 60; b) earliest retirement eligibility.
Turnover	New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar entry ages.
Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality Tables

(1) Individual entry age normal cost method, as required by GASB 68, used for GASB calculations. Note that a slightly different version of the entry age normal cost method is used for the funding actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2018 information for a 10- year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017. See Milliman's TCDRS Investigation of Experience report for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016 for more details.

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected Minus Inflation) ⁽²⁾
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.55%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽³⁾	16.00%	7.55%
Global Equities	MSCI World (Net) Index	1.50%	4.85%
International Equities – Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (Net) Index	11.00%	4.55%
International Equities – Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (Net) Index	8.00%	5.55%
Investment – Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	0.75%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	8.00%	4.12%
Direct Lending	S&P/ LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	10.00%	8.06%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index ⁽⁴⁾	3.00%	6.70%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33%S&P Global REIT (Net) Index	2.00%	4.05%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	6.00%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁵⁾	6.00%	6.25%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	18.00%	4.10%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2017 TCDRS Board meeting

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return in addition to assumed inflation of 2.0%, per Cliffwater's 2017 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006 – present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005 – present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007 – present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pensions plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

Changes in Net Pension Liability / (Asset)	Increase/(Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability	Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability/ (Asset)
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances as of December 31, 2016	\$ 24,841,875	\$ 22,539,706	\$ 2,302,169
Changes for the Year:			-
Service Cost	1,106,668		1,106,668
Interest on Total Pension Liability ⁽¹⁾	2,064,156		2,064,156
Effect of Plan Changes ⁽²⁾	136,901		136,901
Effects of Economic/Demographic- Gains or Losses	(122,651)		(122,651)
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs	147,693		147,693
Refund of Contributions	(105,108)	(105,108)	-
Benefit Payments	(843,638)	(843,638)	-
Administrative Expenses		(17,426)	17,426
Member Contributions		564,390	(564,390)
Net Investment Income		3,296,122	(3,296,122)
Employer Contributions		764,343	(764,343)
Other ⁽³⁾		4,928	(4,928)
Balances as of December 31, 2017	<u>\$ 27,225,896</u>	<u>\$ 26,203,316</u>	<u>\$ 1,022,580</u>

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Reflects plan changes adopted effective in 2018.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the county/district, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the Bandera County net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease <u>7.10%</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>8.10%</u>	1% Increase <u>9.10%</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$ 30,855,449	\$ 27,225,896	\$ 24,172,638
Fiduciary Net Position	<u>26,203,316</u>	<u>26,203,316</u>	<u>26,203,316</u>
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	<u>\$ 4,652,133</u>	<u>\$ 1,022,580</u>	<u>\$ (2,030,678)</u>

Pension Expense / (Income)

Prepaid Expense/(Income)	January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017
Service Cost	\$ 1,106,668
Interest on Total Pension Liability ⁽¹⁾	2,064,156
Effect of Plan Changes	136,901
Administrative Expenses	17,426
Member Contributions	(564,390)
Expected Investment Return Net of Investment Expenses	(1,840,310)
Recognition of Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources	
Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	(196,697)
Recognition of Assumption Changes or Inputs	84,574
Recognition of Investment Gains or Losses	176,023
Other ⁽²⁾	(4,928)
Pension Expense/(Income)	\$ 984,351

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

As of December 31, 2017, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 506,657	\$ 32,101
Changes of assumptions	-	226,996
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	253,659	0
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	N/A	625,212

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31

2018	\$ 63,900
2019	(23,737)
2020	(253,999)
2021	(286,154)
2022	-
Thereafter ⁽³⁾	-

⁽³⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

3. J. GROUP TERM LIFE FUND

Plan Description

A description of the OPEB plan pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75 is as follows:

- a. Bandera County participates in the retiree Group Term Life program for the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system.
- b. A brief description of benefit terms:
 - 1) All full-and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year and are eligible for the TCDRS pension plan. Only employer that have elected participation in the retiree Group Term Life program are included in the OPEB plan.
 - 2) The plan provides a \$5,000 post-retirement death benefit to beneficiaries to services retirees and disability retirees of employers that have elected participation in the retiree GTL program.
 - 3) The OPEB benefit is a fixed \$5,000 lump-sum benefit.
 - 4) No future increases are assumed in the \$5,000 benefit amount.
 - 5) Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the employer may elect to opt out (or opt into) coverage as of Jan. 1 each year.
- c. Membership information is shown in the chart below.
- d. Contributions made to the retiree GTL Program are held in the GTL Fund. The GTL fund does not meet the requirements of a trust under Paragraph 4b of GASB 75, as the assets of the GTL fund can be used to pay active GTL benefits which are not part of the OPEB plan.
- e. Benefits terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the employer may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage as of Jan. 1 each year. The county's contribution rate for the retiree GTL program is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, and is equal to the cost of providing a one-year death benefit equal to \$5,000.

Members covered by benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	75
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	34
Active employees	<u>210</u>
	319

Contributions

For GASB 75 purposes, the OPEB plan is not a cost sharing plan as the employer's benefit payment for the year are treated as being equal to its annual retiree GTL contributions. Employers in the TCDRS Group Term Life (GTL) Program make a combined contribution for both active and retiree coverage; however, only the retiree coverage is considered an OPEB plan and therefore only the contributions associated with retirees covered are included under GASB 75.

The following shows a breakdown of the employer's contributions to the GTL program for the calendar year 2017. The contributions for retiree GTL coverage are assigned to the OPEB plan under GASB 75 and are used to determine the benefit payments used to calculate changes in total OPEB liability. The contributions for active coverage are not considered an OPEB benefit under GASB 75, so there should be no change in how these amounts are reported.

Coverage Type	2017 GTL Rate	Amount	Financial Reporting
Active Member GTL Benefit	0.28%	22,576	No change from prior year
Retiree GTL Benefit	0.11%	8,869	GASB 75

Employer OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2017 should be reflected as a deferred outflow. As previously noted, only contributions to the GTL program for retiree coverage should be included under GASB 75. Therefore, once the total GTL contributions made subsequent to the measurement date have been determined, this amount should be multiplied by the portion attributable to retiree coverage to determine the OPEB contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that should be reported under GASB 75. This proportion is 26.82927%, allocated as follows:

Coverage Type	2017 GTL Rate	Amount	Financial Reporting
Active Member GTL Benefit	0.30%	73.17073%	No change from prior year
Retiree GTL Benefit	0.11%	26.82927%	GASB 75

The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2018 were \$34,617, and were equal to the required contributions.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's Total OPEB Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	
Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Recognition of Assumptions, Changes or Inputs	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Asset Valuation Method	Does not apply
Inflation	Does not apply
Salary Increases	Does not apply
Investment Rate of Return (Discount Rate)	3.44% 20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 28, 2017.

Cost of Living Adjustments	Does not apply
Disability	Members who become disabled are eligible to commence benefit payments regardless of age.
Mortality	RP-2014 Mortality Tables
Retirement	Deferred members are assumed to retire (100% probability) at the later of: a) age 60 b) earliest retirement eligibility ** For all eligible members ages 75 and later, retirement is assumed to occur immediately.
Other Termination of Employment	For non-depositing members who are not vested, 100% are assumed to elect a withdrawal. No termination after eligibility for retirement is assumed.

Discount Rate

The TCDRS GTL program is treated as an unfunded OPEB plan because the GTL trust covers both active and retirees and the assets are not segregated for these groups. Under GASB 75 (paragraph 155), the discount rate for an unfunded OPEB plan should be based on a 20-year tax-exempt AA or higher Municipal Bonds. Therefore, a discount rate of 3.44% based on the 20 Year Bond Go Index published by bondbuyer.com is used as of the measurement date of December 31, 2017. At transition, GASB 75 also requires that the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) as of the prior fiscal year end be estimated based on the 20 Year Bond GO Index as of the prior fiscal year end. The TOL was estimated as of December 31, 2016 using a discount rate of 3.78% as of December 31, 2016.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Changes in Total OPEB Liability
Balances as of December 31, 2016	\$ <u>395,411</u>
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	17,872
Interest on total OPEB liability ⁽¹⁾	14,546
Changes of benefit terms ⁽²⁾	-
Effect of economic/demographic experience	(19,460)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	17,879
Benefit payments	(8,869)
Other	-
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$ <u><u>417,379</u></u>

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ No plan changes are valued.

⁽³⁾ Reflects change in discount rate and the new assumptions adopted based on the January 1, 2013- December 31, 2016 Investigation of Experience

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 3.44%, as well as what the Bandera County Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.44%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.44%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.44%	3.44%	4.44%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 499,726	\$ 418,289	\$ 354,975

OPEB Expense/ (Income)

	January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017
Service Cost	17,872
Interest on total OPEB liability ⁽¹⁾	15,456
Effect of plan changes	-
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources	
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	(2,780)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	2,554
Other	-
OPEB expense/(income)	<u>33,102</u>

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest

As of December 31, 2017, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred Inflows/ Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 16,680	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	-	15,325
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	N/A	

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2018	\$ (226)
2019	(226)
2020	(226)
2021	(226)
2022	(226)
Thereafter ⁽¹⁾	(226)

⁽¹⁾Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

3. K. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers all its employees deferred compensation programs through Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. and the Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC). The plans, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plans, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the County, subject only to the claims of the County's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the County in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

The County has no liability for losses under the plans, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The County believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

At September 30, 2018, the participants had balances of \$761,822 in Nationwide and \$855,600 in VALIC.

3. L. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the fiscal year 2018, the County adopted GASB Statement No. 75 for *Other Post Employment Benefits*. Under GASB Statement No. 75 the District must report their Total OPEB Liability of the TCDRS (Texas County & District Retirement System) Group-Term Life program. Adoption of GASB Statement No. 75 required a prior period adjustment in the governmental activities of \$395,411. The restated beginning net position balance is \$20,372,290.

3. M. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County has evaluated subsequent events through February 15, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. The County is not aware of any subsequent events that materially impact the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ 9,166,086	\$ 9,166,086	\$ 8,992,138	\$ (173,948)
General Sales and Use Taxes	535,000	535,000	673,666	138,666
Other Taxes	14,400	14,400	28,809	14,409
Licenses and Permits	44,100	44,100	78,139	34,039
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	88,400	102,900	154,680	51,780
Charges for Services	1,037,900	1,037,900	1,297,264	259,364
Fines	166,000	166,000	246,625	80,625
Investment Earnings	40,000	40,000	173,651	133,651
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	-	-	1,000	1,000
Other Revenue	37,200	47,200	79,336	32,136
Total Revenues	11,129,086	11,153,586	11,725,308	571,722
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Administration	2,843,763	2,853,763	2,494,460	359,303
Law Enforcement	3,986,926	4,001,426	3,749,430	251,996
Corrections	1,848,503	1,848,503	1,694,002	154,501
Road and Bridge	277,034	277,034	275,612	1,422
Health & Human Services	531,762	531,762	511,479	20,283
Administration of Justice	2,698,714	2,698,714	2,481,615	217,099
Community & Economic Development	430,808	430,808	427,164	3,644
Total Expenditures	12,617,510	12,642,010	11,633,762	1,008,248
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,488,424)	(1,488,424)	91,546	1,579,970
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Insurance Proceeds	5,000	5,000	11,849	6,849
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,000	5,000	11,849	6,849
Net Change	(1,483,424)	(1,483,424)	103,395	1,586,819
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	8,174,648	8,174,648	8,174,648	-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 6,691,224	\$ 6,691,224	\$ 8,278,043	\$ 1,586,819

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final	GAAP BASIS (See Note)	
REVENUES:				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,893,022	\$ 1,893,022	\$ 2,181,095	\$ 288,073
Licenses and Permits	537,000	537,000	588,557	51,557
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	28,000	28,000	72,533	44,533
Charges for Services	500	500	880	380
Investment Earnings	8,000	8,000	48,833	40,833
Other Revenue	15,000	41,631	524	(41,107)
Total Revenues	2,481,522	2,508,153	2,892,422	384,269
EXPENDITURES:				
Road and Bridge	2,969,008	3,010,639	2,556,745	453,894
Total Expenditures	2,969,008	3,010,639	2,556,745	453,894
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(487,486)	(502,486)	335,677	838,163
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Insurance Proceeds	-	15,000	17,000	2,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	15,000	17,000	2,000
Change in Fund Balance	(487,486)	(487,486)	352,677	840,163
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	2,030,096	2,030,096	2,030,096	-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 1,542,610	\$ 1,542,610	\$ 2,382,773	\$ 840,163

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - AMBULANCE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With
	Original	Final	GAAP BASIS (See Note)	Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,016,773	\$ 1,016,773	\$ 996,463	\$ (20,310)
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	50,000	240,353	375,377	135,024
Charges for Services	735,000	769,112	939,654	170,542
Investment Earnings	2,000	2,000	16,835	14,835
Other Revenue	1,050	8,115	1,182	(6,933)
Total Revenues	<u>1,804,823</u>	<u>2,036,353</u>	<u>2,329,511</u>	<u>293,158</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Health & Human Services	1,919,809	2,135,209	1,757,444	377,765
Total Expenditures	<u>1,919,809</u>	<u>2,135,209</u>	<u>1,757,444</u>	<u>377,765</u>
Change in Fund Balance	(114,986)	(98,856)	572,067	670,923
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	<u>523,991</u>	<u>523,991</u>	<u>523,991</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 409,005</u>	<u>\$ 425,135</u>	<u>\$ 1,096,058</u>	<u>\$ 670,923</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
A. Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 1,106,668	\$ 1,173,888	\$ 1,114,399	\$ 1,072,594
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	2,064,156	1,864,767	1,771,095	1,609,200
Changes of Benefit Terms	136,901	-0-	(579,646)	23,438
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	(122,651)	(210,760)	(757,891)	160,505
Changes of Assumptions	147,693	-0-	275,178	-0-
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(948,746)	(848,128)	(842,230)	(615,726)
A. Total Pension Liability				
Net change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 2,384,021	\$ 1,979,767	\$ 980,905	\$ 2,250,011
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	24,841,875	22,862,108	21,881,203	19,631,192
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 27,225,896	\$ 24,841,875	\$ 22,862,108	\$ 21,881,203
B. Total Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$ 764,343	\$ 756,593	\$ 743,611	\$ 742,320
Contributions - Employee	564,390	562,368	550,098	537,913
Net Investment Income	3,296,122	1,522,595	(219,880)	1,254,017
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(948,746)	(848,128)	(842,230)	(615,726)
Administrative Expense	(17,426)	(16,571)	(14,728)	(14,934)
Other	4,928	6,237	48,413	(37,702)
B. Total Fiduciary Net Position				
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 3,663,611	\$ 1,983,094	\$ 265,283	\$ 1,865,887
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	22,539,706	20,556,612	20,291,329	18,425,442
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$ 26,203,317	\$ 22,539,706	\$ 20,556,612	\$ 20,291,329
C. Net Pension Liability				
	\$ 1,022,580	\$ 2,302,169	\$ 2,305,496	\$ 1,589,874
D. Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability				
	96.24%	90.73%	89.92%	92.73%
E. Covered Payroll				
	\$ 8,062,707	\$ 8,033,828	\$ 7,858,536	\$ 7,684,473
F. Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll				
	12.68%	28.66%	29.34%	20.69%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 46, a and b requires that the data in this schedule be presented for the time period covered by the measurement date rather than the governmental entity's current fiscal year.

Note: Only four years of data are presented in accordance with GASBS #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

BANDERA COUNTY
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

<u>Year Ending December 31</u>	<u>Actuarially Determined Contribution⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Actual Employer Contribution⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Contribution Deficiency (Excess)</u>	<u>Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾</u>	<u>Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll</u>
2008	383,149	383,149	-	4,813,428	8.0%
2009	434,264	434,264	-	5,435,092	8.0%
2010	550,733	550,733	-	6,265,447	8.8%
2011	602,843	602,843	-	6,758,324	8.9%
2012	631,706	631,706	-	6,957,111	9.1%
2013	671,036	671,036	-	7,131,089	9.4%
2014	742,320	742,320	-	7,684,473	9.7%
2015	743,418	743,611	(193)	7,858,536	9.5%
2016	756,593	756,593	-	8,033,828	9.4%
2017	764,343	764,343	-	8,062,707	9.5%

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis. If additional assistance is needed, please contact TCDRS.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

BANDERA COUNTY
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	13.3 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2017 valuation)
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions*	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions reflected
	2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions*	2015: Employer contributions reflect that a 1% flat COLA was adopted.
	2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.
	2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.

* Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to Schedule.

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
 TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

		FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	17,872
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		15,456
Changes of Benefit Terms		-0-
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		(19,460)
Changes of Assumptions		17,879
Benefit Payments*		(8,869)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		22,878
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		395,411
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	418,289
Covered Payroll	\$	8,062,707
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		5.19%

*The Supplemental Death Benefit Fund is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75. Because of this benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P52.139 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date of the plan.

As required by GASB 75, this schedule will be built prospectively as the information becomes available until 10 years of information is presented.

BANDERA COUNTY
 NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE
 TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	
Recognition of economic /demographic gains or losses	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Recognition of assumptions changes or inputs	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life
Asset Valuation Method	Does not apply
Inflation	Does not apply
Salary Increases	Does not apply
Investment Rate of Return (Discount Rate)	3.44%, 20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 28, 2017.
Cost of Living Adjustment	Does not apply
Disability	Members who become disabled are eligible to commence benefit payments regardless of age.
Mortality	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table
Retirement	Deferred member are assumed to retire (100% probability at the later of: a) age 60 b) earliest retirement eligibility
Other Termination of Employment	The rate of assumed future termination from active participation in the plan vary. No termination after eligibility for retirement is assumed.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	11 Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	14 Mansfield Park Fund	15 Indigent Health Care Fund	16 Sanitary Landfill Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 186,068	\$ 94,852	\$ 73,520	\$ 252,867
Taxes Receivable	-	6,314	1,714	-
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)	-	(2,225)	(604)	-
Accounts Receivable (Net)	11,007	193	263	2,174
Total Assets	<u>\$ 197,075</u>	<u>\$ 99,134</u>	<u>\$ 74,893</u>	<u>\$ 255,041</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 7,862	\$ 5,798	\$ 921	\$ 11,952
Wages and Salaries Payable	-	1,694	1,702	2,779
Total Liabilities	<u>7,862</u>	<u>7,492</u>	<u>2,623</u>	<u>14,731</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-	3,842	1,043	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>3,842</u>	<u>1,043</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Other Restricted Fund Balance	189,213	-	-	-
Other Committed Fund Balance	-	87,800	71,227	240,310
Total Fund Balances	<u>189,213</u>	<u>87,800</u>	<u>71,227</u>	<u>240,310</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 197,075</u>	<u>\$ 99,134</u>	<u>\$ 74,893</u>	<u>\$ 255,041</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

18 Sheriff's Tax Sale Fund	22 Child Abuse Prevention Fund	25 Juvenile Probation Local Fund	27 Sheriff's Seized Asset Fund	28 Law Library Fund	30 County Clerk Records Mgmt Fund	31 Records Preservation Fund	32 Courthouse Security Fund
\$ -	\$ 950	\$ 110,555	\$ 41,283	\$ 18,892	\$ 138,571	\$ 8,120	\$ 25,822
-	-	21,200	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	(7,472)	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	339	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 950</u>	<u>\$ 124,622</u>	<u>\$ 41,283</u>	<u>\$ 18,892</u>	<u>\$ 138,571</u>	<u>\$ 8,120</u>	<u>\$ 25,822</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101	\$ -	\$ 595	\$ 849	\$ 231	\$ -
-	-	10,965	-	-	749	-	-
-	-	11,066	-	595	1,598	231	-
-	-	12,899	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	12,899	-	-	-	-	-
-	950	100,657	41,283	18,297	136,973	7,889	25,822
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	950	100,657	41,283	18,297	136,973	7,889	25,822
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 950</u>	<u>\$ 124,622</u>	<u>\$ 41,283</u>	<u>\$ 18,892</u>	<u>\$ 138,571</u>	<u>\$ 8,120</u>	<u>\$ 25,822</u>

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	33 Juvenile Probation State Fund	34 Juvenile Probation Mental Health	36 Juvenile Probation Title IV-E	45 Alternative Dispute Resolution
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,126	\$ 442	\$ 64	\$ 8,968
Taxes Receivable	-	-	-	-
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)	-	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable (Net)	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	<u>\$ 5,126</u>	<u>\$ 442</u>	<u>\$ 64</u>	<u>\$ 8,968</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Wages and Salaries Payable	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-	-	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Other Restricted Fund Balance	5,126	442	64	8,968
Other Committed Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
Total Fund Balances	<u>5,126</u>	<u>442</u>	<u>64</u>	<u>8,968</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 5,126</u>	<u>\$ 442</u>	<u>\$ 64</u>	<u>\$ 8,968</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT H-1 (Cont'd)

46 Appellate Judicial System Fund	48 Guardianship Fee Fund	49 Hot Chek Collection Fund	51 Family Protection Fee Fund	52 Attorney Pre-Trial Diversion	55 District Clerk Records Mgmt Fund	56 County Clerk Records Mgmt Fund	57 County Attorney Forfeitures
\$ 1,524	\$ 19,729	\$ 5,491	\$ 1,098	\$ 17,698	\$ 13,298	\$ 125,649	\$ 1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 1,524</u>	<u>\$ 19,729</u>	<u>\$ 5,491</u>	<u>\$ 1,098</u>	<u>\$ 17,698</u>	<u>\$ 13,298</u>	<u>\$ 125,649</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,450	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,450	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,524	19,729	5,491	1,098	17,698	13,298	124,199	1
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>1,524</u>	<u>19,729</u>	<u>5,491</u>	<u>1,098</u>	<u>17,698</u>	<u>13,298</u>	<u>124,199</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>\$ 1,524</u>	<u>\$ 19,729</u>	<u>\$ 5,491</u>	<u>\$ 1,098</u>	<u>\$ 17,698</u>	<u>\$ 13,298</u>	<u>\$ 125,649</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	58 Justice Court Technology	60 State Funded Training-Law Enforcement	63 Court Records Preservation Fund	65 District Clerk Records Archive
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,654	\$ 19,194	\$ 32,307	\$ 16,771
Taxes Receivable	-	-	-	-
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)	-	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable (Net)	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	<u>\$ 9,654</u>	<u>\$ 19,194</u>	<u>\$ 32,307</u>	<u>\$ 16,771</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 122	\$ -	\$ -
Wages and Salaries Payable	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>122</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-	-	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Other Restricted Fund Balance	9,654	19,072	32,307	16,771
Other Committed Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
Total Fund Balances	<u>9,654</u>	<u>19,072</u>	<u>32,307</u>	<u>16,771</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 9,654</u>	<u>\$ 19,194</u>	<u>\$ 32,307</u>	<u>\$ 16,771</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

68 Juvenile Commitment RDCTN Grant	69 Capital Credits Fund	85 Child Welfare Board	88 TDA CDBG Grant Fund	95 Medina Lake County Park Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 158	\$ 178,150	\$ 9,359	\$ -	\$ 161,110	\$ 1,577,291	\$ 1,577,291
-	-	-	-	4,599	33,827	33,827
-	-	-	-	(1,621)	(11,922)	(11,922)
-	-	-	-	542	14,518	14,518
<u>\$ 158</u>	<u>\$ 178,150</u>	<u>\$ 9,359</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 164,630</u>	<u>\$ 1,613,714</u>	<u>\$ 1,613,714</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 296	\$ 30,177	\$ 30,177
-	-	-	-	3,619	21,508	21,508
-	-	-	-	3,915	51,685	51,685
-	-	-	-	2,798	20,582	20,582
-	-	-	-	2,798	20,582	20,582
158	178,150	9,359	-	-	984,193	984,193
-	-	-	-	157,917	557,254	557,254
<u>158</u>	<u>178,150</u>	<u>9,359</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>157,917</u>	<u>1,541,447</u>	<u>1,541,447</u>
<u>\$ 158</u>	<u>\$ 178,150</u>	<u>\$ 9,359</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 164,630</u>	<u>\$ 1,613,714</u>	<u>\$ 1,613,714</u>

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	11 Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	14 Mansfield Park Fund	15 Indigent Health Care Fund	16 Sanitary Landfill Fund
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 119,658	\$ 173,208	\$ -
Other Taxes	387,262	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	-	-	14,866	-
Charges for Services	-	32,448	-	295,461
Forfeits	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	2,578	1,562	1,662	4,358
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue	-	655	576	-
Total Revenues	<u>389,840</u>	<u>154,323</u>	<u>190,312</u>	<u>299,819</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Administration	-	-	-	-
Law Enforcement	-	-	-	-
Sanitation	-	-	-	289,289
Health & Human Services	-	-	213,215	-
Administration of Justice	-	-	-	-
Parks	-	129,625	-	-
Community & Economic Development	302,469	-	-	-
Infrastructure & Environmental	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	<u>302,469</u>	<u>129,625</u>	<u>213,215</u>	<u>289,289</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	87,371	24,698	(22,903)	10,530
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	<u>101,842</u>	<u>63,102</u>	<u>94,130</u>	<u>229,780</u>
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 189,213</u>	<u>\$ 87,800</u>	<u>\$ 71,227</u>	<u>\$ 240,310</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

18 Sheriff's Tax Sale Fund	22 Child Abuse Prevention Fund	25 Juvenile Probation Local Fund	27 Sheriff's Seized Asset Fund	28 Law Library Fund	30 County Clerk Records Mgmt Fund	31 Records Preservation Fund	32 Courthouse Security Fund
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 193,254	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	17,679	1,858	-	-	-	-
-	154	5,956	-	15,902	59,365	6,179	18,383
142,315	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	14	2,764	709	301	2,123	221	490
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>142,315</u>	<u>168</u>	<u>219,653</u>	<u>2,567</u>	<u>16,203</u>	<u>61,488</u>	<u>6,400</u>	<u>18,873</u>
142,315	-	-	-	-	24,785	18,119	-
-	-	-	2,067	-	-	-	10,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	254,064	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	11,210	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>142,315</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>254,064</u>	<u>2,067</u>	<u>11,210</u>	<u>24,785</u>	<u>18,119</u>	<u>10,000</u>
-	168	(34,411)	500	4,993	36,703	(11,719)	8,873
-	782	135,068	40,783	13,304	100,270	19,608	16,949
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 950</u>	<u>\$ 100,657</u>	<u>\$ 41,283</u>	<u>\$ 18,297</u>	<u>\$ 136,973</u>	<u>\$ 7,889</u>	<u>\$ 25,822</u>

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	33 Juvenile Probation State Fund	34 Juvenile Probation Mental Health	36 Juvenile Probation Title IV-E	45 Alternative Dispute Resolution
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Taxes	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	171,530	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	7,589
Forfeits	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	-	-	1	129
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	<u>171,530</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>7,718</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Administration	-	-	-	-
Law Enforcement	-	-	-	-
Sanitation	-	-	-	-
Health & Human Services	-	-	-	-
Administration of Justice	166,586	-	-	6,000
Parks	-	-	-	-
Community & Economic Development	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure & Environmental	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	<u>166,586</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,000</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,944	-	1	1,718
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	<u>182</u>	<u>442</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>7,250</u>
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 5,126</u>	<u>\$ 442</u>	<u>\$ 64</u>	<u>\$ 8,968</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

46 Appellate Judicial System Fund	48 Guardianship Fee Fund	49 Hot Chek Collection Fund	51 Family Protection Fee Fund	52 Attorney Pre-Trial Diversion	55 District Clerk Records Mgmt Fund	56 County Clerk Records Mgmt Fund	57 County Attorney Forfeitures
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2,244	2,140	1,170	1,335	18,551	2,489	59,641	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	-	106	10	265	236	1,906	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>2,261</u>	<u>2,140</u>	<u>1,276</u>	<u>1,345</u>	<u>18,816</u>	<u>2,725</u>	<u>61,547</u>	<u>-</u>
-	-	-	-	-	2,470	30,997	-
-	-	-	-	10,696	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
960	-	2,297	1,500	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>960</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,297</u>	<u>1,500</u>	<u>10,696</u>	<u>2,470</u>	<u>30,997</u>	<u>-</u>
1,301	2,140	(1,021)	(155)	8,120	255	30,550	-
223	17,589	6,512	1,253	9,578	13,043	93,649	1
<u>\$ 1,524</u>	<u>\$ 19,729</u>	<u>\$ 5,491</u>	<u>\$ 1,098</u>	<u>\$ 17,698</u>	<u>\$ 13,298</u>	<u>\$ 124,199</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	58 Justice Court Technology	60 State Funded Training-Law Enforcement	63 Court Records Preservation Fund	65 District Clerk Records Archive
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Taxes	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	-	7,741	-	-
Charges for Services	9,573	-	4,594	4,458
Forfeits	-	-	-	-
Investment Earnings	112	354	521	263
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	<u>9,685</u>	<u>8,095</u>	<u>5,115</u>	<u>4,721</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Administration	-	-	-	2,374
Law Enforcement	-	7,055	-	-
Sanitation	-	-	-	-
Health & Human Services	-	-	-	-
Administration of Justice	6,000	-	-	-
Parks	-	-	-	-
Community & Economic Development	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure & Environmental	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	<u>6,000</u>	<u>7,055</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,374</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,685	1,040	5,115	2,347
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	<u>5,969</u>	<u>18,032</u>	<u>27,192</u>	<u>14,424</u>
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 9,654</u>	<u>\$ 19,072</u>	<u>\$ 32,307</u>	<u>\$ 16,771</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

68 Juvenile Commitment RDCTN Grant	69 Capital Credits Fund	85 Child Welfare Board	88 TDA CDBG Grant Fund	95 Medina Lake County Park Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,991	\$ 507,111	\$ 507,111
-	-	-	-	-	387,262	387,262
-	3,435	-	248,600	-	465,709	465,709
-	-	-	-	151,250	698,882	698,882
-	-	-	-	-	142,315	142,315
-	3,009	196	-	2,268	26,175	26,175
-	-	1,091	-	-	1,091	1,091
-	-	30	-	-	1,261	1,261
-	6,444	1,317	248,600	174,509	2,229,806	2,229,806
-	-	-	-	-	221,060	221,060
-	-	-	-	-	29,818	29,818
-	-	-	-	-	289,289	289,289
-	-	4,600	-	-	217,815	217,815
-	-	-	-	-	437,407	437,407
-	-	-	-	126,563	256,188	256,188
-	7,925	-	-	-	321,604	321,604
-	-	-	248,600	-	248,600	248,600
-	7,925	4,600	248,600	126,563	2,021,781	2,021,781
-	(1,481)	(3,283)	-	47,946	208,025	208,025
158	179,631	12,642	-	109,971	1,333,422	1,333,422
<u>\$ 158</u>	<u>\$ 178,150</u>	<u>\$ 9,359</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 157,917</u>	<u>\$ 1,541,447</u>	<u>\$ 1,541,447</u>

BANDERA COUNTY, TEXAS
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
 ALL AGENCY FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

	BALANCE OCTOBER 1 2017	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30 2018
STATE FEE & FINE FUND				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Investments	\$ 71,436	\$ 316,642	\$ 321,689	\$ 66,389
Other Receivables	555	825	555	825
Total Assets	<u>\$ 71,991</u>	<u>\$ 317,467</u>	<u>\$ 322,244</u>	<u>\$ 67,214</u>
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 71,701	\$ 317,305	\$ 322,244	\$ 66,762
Due to Other Governments	290	162	-	452
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 71,991</u>	<u>\$ 317,467</u>	<u>\$ 322,244</u>	<u>\$ 67,214</u>
EMS MEMORIALS & DONATIONS FUND				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Investments	\$ 1,190	\$ 180	\$ 237	\$ 1,133
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$ 1,190	\$ 180	\$ 237	\$ 1,133
OFFICIALS' FEES & ACCOUNTS FUND				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Investments	\$ 512,550	\$ 44,657,157	\$ 42,421,455	\$ 2,748,252
Investments - Current	49,868	102	-	49,970
Total Assets	<u>\$ 562,418</u>	<u>\$ 44,657,259</u>	<u>\$ 42,421,455</u>	<u>\$ 2,798,222</u>
Liabilities:				
Due to Other Governments	\$ 489,998	\$ 44,516,716	\$ 42,299,059	\$ 2,707,655
Due to Others	72,420	140,543	122,396	90,567
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 562,418</u>	<u>\$ 44,657,259</u>	<u>\$ 42,421,455</u>	<u>\$ 2,798,222</u>
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Investments	\$ 585,176	\$ 44,973,979	\$ 42,743,381	\$ 2,815,774
Investments - Current	49,868	102	-	49,970
Other Receivables	555	825	555	825
Total Assets	<u>\$ 635,599</u>	<u>\$ 44,974,905</u>	<u>\$ 42,743,936</u>	<u>\$ 2,866,569</u>
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 71,701	\$ 317,305	\$ 322,244	\$ 66,762
Due to Other Governments	490,288	44,516,878	42,299,059	2,708,107
Due to Others	73,610	140,723	122,633	91,700
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 635,599</u>	<u>\$ 44,974,906</u>	<u>\$ 42,743,936</u>	<u>\$ 2,866,569</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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TEXAS SOCIETY OF

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Honorable Judge and Commissioners
County of Bandera, Texas
Bandera, TX 78003

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bandera County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 15, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bandera County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Bandera, Texas, in a separate letter dated February 15, 2019.

Sincerely,



NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C.
Fredericksburg, Texas

February 15, 2019

NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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February 15, 2019

Honorable Judge and Commissioners
County of Bandera, Texas
Bandera, TX 78003

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bandera County, Texas for the year ended September 30, 2018. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated July 18, 2018. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Bandera County, Texas are described in Note I to the financial statements. *GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions* was adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended September 30, 2018. We noted no transactions entered into by Bandera County during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 15, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the County's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the County's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management Discussion and Analysis; Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund; Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Road and Bridge Fund; the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of Employer Contributions, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds; Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds; Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds; Combining Statement of Net Position - Private Purpose Trust Funds; and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Private Purpose Trust Funds, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Commissioner's Court and management of Bandera County and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Other Comments and Recommendations

Outstanding Checks

Commissary Bank Reconciliation

Several old outstanding checks (total \$1,726.26) are being carried on the bank reconciliation. We recommend that the checks be researched for proper disposition (cleared, re-issued, escheated).

Tax-Assessor Collector

Several old outstanding checks are being carried on the bank reconciliation. Section 31.11 of the Property Tax Code states all refund requests must be made within 3 years of the overpayment or the taxpayer waives his right to the refund. There is also an attorney general opinion that states those unclaimed payments belong to the entity that was overpaid. We recommend that the old outstanding checks over 3 years old be refunded to the entities in accordance with the above provisions.

We appreciate the cooperation of the County Auditor's offices and the various officials and employees of the County.

Sincerely,

Neffendorf & Knopp, P.C.

NEFFENDORF & KNOPP, P.C.

Fredericksburg, Texas

February 15, 2019